

5.12. DOWNTOWN AREA INFILL INCENTIVE DISTRICT (IID)

5.12.1. PURPOSE

The primary purpose of the Downtown Area Infill Incentive District (IID) is to encourage redevelopment in the following ways:

- A. Encourage sustainable infill development that supports the creation of urban neighborhoods that are pedestrian and transit-oriented and benefits the IID, the major activity centers in the area, and the City as a whole, while promoting compatibility with existing residential and non-residential properties and neighborhoods;
- B. Address barriers to infill development in the Downtown Area Infill Incentive District (IID), such as incompatible development standards and associated development barrier issues;
- C. Implement the IID purposes by offering development incentives permitting a modification of development requirements;
- D. Provide for appropriate transitional design standards where the development or expansion of a use is adjacent to existing single-family residential development;
- E. Protect historic structures and historic neighborhoods and existing residential neighborhoods from potential negative impacts of new development ; and,
- F. Consolidate the regulations and design standards that apply to downtown areas into a single ordinance by moving certain provisions of the Rio Nuevo District (RND) overlay zone, former Section 5.11, into the IID Rio Nuevo Area (RNA) and renumbering them to conform to the numbering of the IID.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.2. ESTABLISHMENT

A. The IID is comprised of the Sub-Districts listed below. For the boundaries of the IID and Sub-Districts see Section 5.12.18 (Figure 5.12.18-1). The exact boundaries of the IID overlay and Sub-Districts are identified on the official zoning map kept on file at the Planning and Development Services Department (PDSD) and the City Clerk's Office.

1. The Rio Nuevo Area (RNA), Section 5.12.7.
 - a. The RNA Section 5.12.7 includes all properties in the area previously included in the former RND.
 - b. The RNA encompasses portions of the Downtown Core Sub-District (DCS), Greater Infill Incentive Sub-District (GIIS), and the Downtown Links Sub-District (DLS) as shown on the map in Exhibit 5.12.18-1.

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2. The GIIS, as outlined in Section 5.12.9.
3. The DCS, as outlined in Section 5.12.10.
4. The DLS, as outlined in Section 5.12.11, which is further subdivided into the following Areas:
 - a. Toole Avenue Area (TAA), Section 5.12.12.
 - b. Warehouse Triangle Area (WTA), Section 5.12.13.
 - c. Fourth Avenue Area (FAA), Section 5.12.14.
 - d. Iron Horse Area (IHA), Section 5.12.15.
 - e. Stone/Sixth Area (SSA), Section 5.12.16.

Some of the DLS Areas listed above are further subdivided into Sub-Districts (see Section 5.12.11.A).

B. The IID contains both mandatory and optional overlay zone standards and requirements. Plans submitted in accordance with the IID shall comply with the applicable standards of this Section.

1. If utilizing the IID Zoning Option for sites proposing exterior or site modifications within the RNA overlay, the requirements and standards of the RNA are mandatory.
2. The GIIS, the DCS, and DLS, are optional overlay standards and regulations, which a property owner may choose in lieu of the underlying zoning (IID zoning option).

C. Depending on the development choice of the owner, plans submitted for development of land in the IID must comply with the applicable IID regulations and standards as follows:

1. Development under existing underlying UDC zoning:
 - a. The regulations and standards of the underlying zone apply; and,
 - b. If the property is located within the boundaries of the RNA, all of the following regulations, standards, and review procedures apply:
 - (1) The regulations and standards of the underlying zoning;
 - (2) The RNA standards in Section 5.12.7;
 - (3) Section 5.12.6.E.; and,
 - (4) RNA applications for development are reviewed by the Design Review Board (DRB) pursuant to Section 2.2.6, Design Review Board.
2. Development under the IID zoning option:

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- a. The regulations and standards of the applicable IID Sub-District, Area or Sub-Area in which the development parcel is located, apply.
- b. Regardless of the Sub-District, Area or Sub-Area, all development in the IID must submit a plan and comply with the following:
 - (1) Section 5.12.5, IID Plan Submittal Requirements; and,
 - (2) Section 5.12.6, IID Plan Review and Approval Procedures Under the IID Zoning Option.
- c. Development in the GIIS and DCS must comply with the design standards and requirements of Section 5.12.8, General IID Zoning Option Design Standards.
- d. Applications for IID zoning option are reviewed either under the major or minor design review process for compliance with the applicable standards and requirements pursuant to Section 5.12.6.I.

D. An IID Plan using the IID zoning option provisions cannot be used in conjunction with other waiver or modification provisions provided by the Unified Development Code (UDC). This prohibition does not apply to Section 7.4.5, Individual Parking Plan, IPP, which may be used in conjunction with the IID zoning option provisions.

E. Conflict of Laws.

1. The requirements and standards of the IID provisions should be interpreted to avoid conflict whenever possible with other UDC provisions.
2. Where the standards of this Section conflict with other Sections of the UDC, the standards of this Section shall control.
3. Where the standards of the DLS conflict with the general IID standards of Section 5.12.8, standards of the DLS apply. Flexible alternatives to encourage innovative design solutions may still be allowed.

F. Amendments to or dissolution of the IID are processed in accordance with Section 3.7, UDC Text Amendment Procedure.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015; Am. Ord. 11640, 4/23/2019)

5.12.3. DEFINITIONS

The terms "adjacent " and "group dwelling " as they apply in the IID are defined in Section 11.4.2 and Section 11.4.8, respectively. When a proposed project is not developed under the IID zoning option, but under the standards of the underlying zoning, only the general, not the IID specific definition of the term "Group Dwelling " applies (see Article 11).

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.4. APPLICABILITY

The requirements and standards of this section apply to the following development types located on property, including public or private rights-of-way, any portion of which is located within the IID:

- A. A change of use;
- B. An expansion of an existing use or existing structure; or,
- C. New development or a redevelopment project.
- D. Exceptions

For development in the RNA under existing underlying zoning, the applicability requirements do not apply to the following:

- 1. A change of use that does not alter the exterior of a structure.
- 2. A redevelopment project, or improvements or alterations to an existing structure, if such alterations are not visible from an adjacent public right-of-way.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.5. IID PLAN SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Application Requirements

Use of the standards of the IID, as opposed to existing underlying zoning, requires plan approval by PDSD regardless of IID Subdistrict, Area or Sub-Area. Plan submittal shall consist of the following:

1. IID Plan

Applicants shall submit an IID Plan, as outlined in Section 5.12.6, demonstrating compliance with applicable IID development design standards and requirements. The Plan must clearly state the applicant's intention to use the IID zoning option in lieu of the existing underlying zoning. Additionally, for projects using IID Optional Zoning, applicants are required to provide contextual elevations demonstrating compliance with the following design standards:

- a. Section 5.12.8, Subsection A (Streetscape Design) and Subsection B (Development Transition Standards) and Subsection C (Alternative Compliance).
- b. The applicable Sub-District, Area, or Sub-Area.

2. Development Package

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A Development Package is required when development is proposed under existing underlying UDC zoning, or if a development package is otherwise required by the UDC, in which case a separate Plan must be prepared in compliance with the Development Package requirements in Section 2-06.0.0 of the Administrative Manual.

B. Modifications or Waivers of IID Plan Submittal Requirements

An applicant may request modification to or waiver from the plan submittal requirements, subject to the following:

1. The applicant shall specifically identify the submittal requirement(s) for which a modification or waiver is requested and provide a rationale for the request; and,
2. The PDSD Director shall determine whether to grant the request within 10 working days of the request. In making this decision, the PDSD Director shall consider the purpose statements of the IID, and the applicable General Plan and Area Plan policies. The PDSD Director's approval of a request under this subsection is not, nor shall it be construed as, an endorsement of a project by PDSD.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015; Am. Ord. 11640, 4/23/2019)

5.12.6. IID PLAN REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCEDURES UNDER THE IID ZONING OPTION

PDSD administers the IID Plan review procedure. Except as expressly modified herein, review by the PDSD is pursuant to Section 3.3.3.

A. Pre-application Conference

A pre-application conference with the PDSD staff as outlined in Section 3.2.1 is required to determine the following:

1. Whether the Plan meets the IID Plan submittal requirements and the development standards of the IID and applicable Sub-District, Area or Sub-Area.
2. Whether the application will be reviewed through the Major or the Minor Design Review Procedure as described below.
3. Preliminary identification of potential code modifications or waivers that may need to be requested through the IID zoning option.

B. Major Design Review

The Major Design Review process is required if a proposal meets any two or more criteria listed in B.1 and/or B.2:

1. The development proposal contains structures that are higher than:
 - a. four stories or 49 feet, or

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- b. two stories or 25 feet if adjacent to detached single-family residential or duplex dwellings.
 - c. In the DCS, the height criteria apply only if the development site is within 400 feet or less of a detached single-family residential or duplex dwelling.
2. The development proposal is at any one or more of the following locations:
- a. At an intersection of one or more arterial streets.
 - b. Adjacent to or across from:
 - (1) a detached single-family residential or duplex dwelling; or,
 - (2) a Historic or Contributing structure.
 - c. On a vacant Historic Preservation Zone (HPZ) or Neighborhood Preservation Zone (NPZ) parcel.
 - d. On a multi-zone parcel subject to Section 5.12.8.F.
 - e. Within, or adjacent to an HPZ, or NPZ, or a National Historic Register District, or any combination of the three. The definition of the term "adjacent," as it applies in the IID, is defined in Section 11.4.2.

3. Notices

For Major Design Review, the notice process must follow Section 3.2.2, Neighborhood Meetings, except as expressly modified herein.

4. Review and Approval Procedures

- a. A neighborhood meeting;
- b. Review by City's Design Professional;
- c. Review by IID Design Review Committee (IID DRC) and recommendation to the PDSD Director;
- d. Decision by the PDSD Director pursuant to Section 5.12.6.M.

5. Minor Development Exemption

A redevelopment proposal that is 2,500 square feet or less in area and/or not visible from a street is exempt from the Major Design Review process and shall proceed through the minor design review. If a historic preservation review is required, it is still required for this type of proposal.

C. Minor Design Review

1. Criteria

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The proposed development does not meet the criteria for a Major design review in Section 5.12.6.B above.

2. Review and Approval Procedures

- a. A neighborhood meeting;
- b. Review by the City's Design Professional and recommendation to the PDSO Director; and,
- c. Decision by the PDSO Director pursuant to Section 5.12.6.M below.

3. Notices

For Minor Design Review, notice of the neighborhood meeting must be sent to all of the following:

- a. All owners of property within 100 feet of the development site; and,
- b. The Neighborhood Association for the area in which the development is located.

D. Provisional Design Review of Affordable Housing Developments

Projects that qualify as affordable housing per Section 5.12.8.H may request a provisional design review. This review is conducted by the Design Professional and may be conducted prior to a formal application for development permits. Upon the Design Professional review, the PDSO Director may issue a provisional approval that can be used to demonstrate zoning compliance in requests for funding. At the time of application for development permits, the project must complete a major or minor design review as described above to receive final approval.

ED. Neighborhood Meeting

1. Prior to filing an application for use of the IID zoning option, an applicant must hold a neighborhood meeting in compliance with the public notice procedures for neighborhood meetings in Section 3.2.2., except as expressly modified herein.
2. The applicant must prepare a written summary of the meeting. A copy of the written summary of the meeting must be filed with PDSO at the time of filing the development application for a project .
3. The applicant will also send a copy of the written summary to a Neighborhood Liaison appointed by the registered neighborhood association for the area in which the project site is located.
4. The Neighborhood Liaison or any property owner within the notice area may file with the PDSO Director a statement of concurrence or dissent with the accuracy of

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the applicant's written summary of the meeting. If a dissent is filed, it must state the exact reasons for the dissent.

5. The applicant will send periodic project updates to the Neighborhood Liaison in accordance with PDSB Neighborhood Liaison Policy.

~~FE~~. IID Historic Preservation Review

1. Projects in an HPZ

a. Proposed development projects within the boundaries of an HPZ must comply with HPZ Sections 5.8.7, Permitted Uses, 5.8.8, Design Review, and 5.8.9, Design Standards, except that within the El Presidio HPZ and the Armory Park HPZ, the following exceptions apply:

~~(1)~~i. building height - project may be allowed heights up to the equivalent of the tallest contributing structure within that HPZ.

~~(2)~~ii. building material - project may be allowed an exception for building material.

Both exceptions require review from the Tucson-Pima County Historical Commission Plans Review Subcommittee (TPCHC-PRS) and the appropriate local HPZ board. Building height is measured by PDSB using HPZ height measurement methods.

b. IID zoning option may be used for new development, or additions to, or alterations of existing historic structures, provided that the changes do not cause a historic structure to be de-listed or no longer eligible for listing.

2. Projects not in an HPZ

a. The Tucson-Pima County Historical Commission Plans Review Subcommittee reviews all projects listed below:

(1) Projects proposing alterations or additions to an existing eligible or contributing historic structure using IID zoning option that do not cause the property to be de-listed or no longer eligible for listing. Additions to or alterations of historic structures must meet the Secretary of the Interior's historic preservation standards;

(2) Projects proposing new development using IID zoning option that are either adjacent to the boundaries of an HPZ or adjacent to a structure meeting any one or more of the following characteristics:

(a) Listed or eligible to be listed in the National or Arizona Register of Historic Places, individually or as a contributing property.

(b) Designated as a Historic Landmark.

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- (c) A Single-family dwelling within the boundaries of the HPZ.
- b. The TPCHC may continue the hearing on an item only once before making a decision, unless the applicant for the development project requests a further continuation.
- c. It is the responsibility of each applicant for IID zoning option to verify the current contributing or eligibility status of the property in question with the City of Tucson's Historic Preservation Office.
- d. The TPCHC Plans Review Subcommittee reviews for compliance with the design requirements of the applicable Sub-District and for design compatibility of a proposed development project.
 - (1) New development must be designed to complement and be compatible with the architecture of adjacent historic properties .
 - (2) Compatibility with adjacent historic structures is to be achieved through architectural elements such as building setbacks, building step-backs, textures, materials, forms, and landscaping.
 - (3) ExceptionsThe PDSD Director may waive the compatibility requirement of this section under the following circumstances:
 - (a) Where the adjacent lot is vacant; or
 - (b) If the property owner of the adjacent historic structure waives the requirement; or
 - (c) If the adjacent lot is developed with a non-residential building.
- e. It is not the intent of the design review process to impose additional limitations or building preservation requirements on the allowable building heights in the IID. Unless a building height limitation in a Sub-District is specifically required herein, the proposed development may use the entire building height allowed by the IID.

3. Demolition

- a. Whether a proposed development is within or outside the boundaries of a HPZ, IID zoning option may not be used for a development project that proposes demolition of a historic structure that is any one or combination of the following:
 - (1) A property listed or eligible to be listed in the National or Arizona Register of Historic Places, individually or as a contributing property.
 - (2) Designated as a City Historic Landmark.

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b. For purposes of sub-section (a) above, the prohibition against the use of the IID zoning option applies to any development project where any demolition of a historic structure occurs on that property on or after the effective date of Ordinance No. 11640 (May 23, 2019).

For any development project where a demolition of a historic structure occurred on the property during the time period from February 18, 2015 and May 23, 2019, the application will be governed under the provisions of Ordinance No. 11246 (adopted February 18, 2015).

c. Exception

Partial demolition of a historic structure is allowed if the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) determines that the demolition will not cause the structure to be de-listed or to become ineligible for listing in the future.

4. De-Listing

In no event may the IID zoning option be used if the development would, in the opinion of the Historic Preservation Officer, cause a historic structure in the IID to be de-listed or no longer eligible for listing.

GF. Development projects in a NPZ

If a proposed development project is located within a NPZ, the project must be reviewed by the City Design Professional pursuant to the design standards of the applicable NPZ.

HG. Composition of the IID Design Review Committee (IID DRC)

1. The IID DRC is composed of any combination of the following members appointed by the City Manager for a four year term:
 - a. The City's Design Professional.
 - b. One registered architect.
 - c. One registered landscape architect.
 - d. One registered contractor or member of the development community.
 - e. One member to represent all neighborhood associations within the IID.
2. A member of the IID DRC may be removed by the City Manager with or without cause. A member who misses four consecutive meetings for any reason or fails to attend for any reason at least 40% of the IID DRC meetings within one calendar year is automatically and immediately removed as a member of the IID DRC. The City Manager shall promptly fill any vacancy on the IID DRC by appointing a member to fill that vacancy. All members shall be provided notice of any IID DRC meeting.
3. The IID DRC may include one or more ad-hoc members from among the following, as applicable:

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- a. For projects within the DLS Fourth Avenue Area, one local Fourth Ave. business owner.
 - b. For projects within the DCS, one person from the Downtown Partnership Association.
 - c. One member appointed by the neighborhood association for the area in which the proposed project is located. If the project site is located in an area that does not have a neighborhood association, the ad-hoc member is appointment by an association within 300 feet of the project site that is within the same IID Sub-District.
 - d. For projects within or adjacent to a HPZ, the neighborhood association member should be a member of the HPZ advisory board of the affected HPZ.
4. The IID DRC shall adopt rules of procedure necessary to carry out its functions. The PDSO shall make these rules available to the public.

H. IID DRC Quorum, Voting, and Recommendation

1. Ad-hoc members are voting members of the IID DRC.
2. A quorum of the IID DRC is the Design Professional and at least two other members.
3. Notwithstanding Subsection H.2 above, if for any reason the CityManager has not appointed the members of the IID DRC, or a quorum is not obtained for a particular application, the Design Professional shall make a recommendation directly to the PDSO Director.
4. The Design Professional may give a recommendation separate from the IID DRC recommendation in all cases.

I. IID DRC Review

1. All development projects submitted using the IID zoning option that are reviewed by the IID DRC for compliance with applicable IID standards and requirements, and the IID DRC may also comment on other aspects of the projects.
2. An applicant may request a pre-application review by the DRC to receive input on the proposal's features. Afterwards, the IID DRC must review an item once and may continue the item one time, unless the applicant asks for further continuances.

J. Review by the Design Professional

1. Prior to the IID DRC meeting, applicants must meet with the Design Professional to discuss the project and its compliance with the IID and applicable Sub-District design standards and requirements.
2. The Design Professional must provide a written report to the applicant, the IID DRC members and the PDSO Director containing all of the following:

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- a. A listing and description of the recommendations and any other issues of concern raised by the IID DRC.
- b. A statement whether the proposal complies with the applicable design standards.
- c. Recommendations on any modifications to the project needed to bring it into compliance with the design standards.
- d. The Design Professional may also make separate recommendations to the PDSO Director on other aspects of the project, such as façade treatment, building colors, and similar design elements, including all relevant elevations and pictures describing the recommended design or mitigation features.

LK. Review by the Mayor and Council of Group Dwellings

Group dwellings developed under IID Optional Zoning, as defined in Section 11.4.8 specifically for use in the IID, require the approval of Mayor and Council pursuant to Section 3.4.4, Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedure.

ML. PDSO Director Decision

1. The IID DRC's and Design Professional's recommendations are advisory to the PDSO Director, and the Director makes the final decision on a project's compliance with IID and applicable Subdistrict requirements and standards.
2. The IID DRC and the Design Professional may recommend, and the Director may add special conditions to an approval pursuant to Subsection J above, to assure compliance with the intent of the IID, to address safety issues, and to address certain development commitments to adjacent neighbors made by the applicant.
3. Special conditions may include mitigation standards or plans based on the scale, setting, and intensity of the proposed development on a case by case basis. Examples of such plans may include, but are not limited to any one or more of the following:
 - a. A vehicular reduction plan to ensure residences are most effectively using alternate modes of transportation. Proposed methods to reduce vehicular use may be one or more of the following: transit passes, ride share, bike share or car share programs, shared parking agreements among multiple uses, and proposals to separate the cost of parking spaces from residential building spaces or a similar method approved by the PDSO Director.
 - b. A noise mitigation plan to ensure the design of the proposal does not substantially increase noise above current ambient noise levels.
 - c. A traffic impact analysis that may include a mitigation plan with traffic calming elements and safety improvements.

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- d. A behavioral management plan and security plan that includes self-policing and techniques to reduce the impacts of noise, odors, unruly behavior or other similar adverse effects on adjacent residential property.
- e. A shadow plan when adjacent to detached single-family dwellings.
- f. A ground vibration monitoring study adjacent to historic structures .
- g. Proposed projects within or adjacent to an HPZ should reference the appropriate HPZ guidelines in Section 9-02.7.0 of the Technical Standards Manual.

NM. Final Approval

1. Within ten days after receiving final recommendations from the IID DRC and the Design Professional, the PDSO Director must make a final decision pursuant to Section 5.12.6.L, except as provided below.
2. Group Dwellings, as defined in Section 11.4.8 for development within the IID, require final approval pursuant to Section 3.4.4, Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedure.

ON. Design Professional Review of Building Plans

Prior to the issuance of a building permit for development under the Optional IID provisions, the Design Professional will review the development package and the building plans for compliance with the approved IID Plan.

PO. Appeals

A party of record may appeal the PDSO Director's decision on IID developments on the grounds that the decision is not in conformance with the criteria established by the UDC. Except for a decision on a proposed group dwelling, which is approved or denied by the Mayor and Council pursuant to 3.4.4., Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedures, appeals must be filed and are heard in accordance with the following procedure:

1. Appeals of the Director 's decision for developments reviewed pursuant to a minor review process are heard in accordance with Section 3.10.2, Board of Adjustment Appeal Procedure. The notice of intent to appeal must be filed with the PDSO no later than five days after the effective date of the decision. The complete appeal materials must be filed with the Zoning Administrator within 14 days of the effective date of the decision. The appeal fees must be paid to the PDSO at the time the complete appeal is filed.
2. Appeals of the Director 's decision for developments reviewed pursuant to a major review process are heard in accordance with Section 3.9.2, Mayor and Council Appeal Procedure. The notice of intent to appeal must be filed with the City Clerk no later than 14 days after the effective date of the decision. The complete appeal materials must be filed with the City Clerk within 30 days of the effective date of the decision. A copy of the complete appeal materials must be provided to the PDSO

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Director at the time it is filed. The appeal fees must be paid to the PDSB at the time the complete appeal is filed.

~~QP.~~ Timeline for Approval

Timelines for approval are contained in Section 3.02 or 3.03 of the Administrative Manual depending upon the procedure chosen by the developer of the IID project.

~~RQ.~~ Amendments to an IID Plan or Approved Design Package

1. An amendment or revision to an approved IID Plan is subject to the same procedure as the initial approval.
2. An amendment or revision to an approved Design Package is subject to the following approval procedure, unless determined to be a non-substantive change by the designated Design Professional:

~~a.(a)~~ The applicant or consultant shall provide a written report to the PDSB Director containing all of the following information: a listing, description, and exhibit of the design modification(s), modifications may be site changes, façade treatment, building materials, and a statement whether the proposal complies with the previously approved applicable design standards.

~~b.(b)~~ The designated Design Professional shall draft a recommendation outlining the following: if the design modification meets the intent of the IID, is an unsubstantial, a minor change, or a major change.

~~c.(c)~~ The PDSB Director shall make the final decision on the design amendment or revision change.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015; Am. Ord. 11639, 4/23/2019; Am. Ord. 11640, 4/23/2019; Am. Ord. 11732, 2/19/2020)

5.12.7. RIO NUEVO AREA (RNA) ZONING DESIGN STANDARDS

A. Applicability

1. This Section 5.12.7 applies to the developments types listed in Section 5.12.4 and this Section.
2. The provisions of this Section 5.12.7 are mandatory for proposed development of properties in the RNA under existing underlying zoning.

B. Permitted Uses and Building Heights

1. Except as specifically amended or expanded in this Section 5.12.7, the development regulations and standards of the underlying zoning apply in the RNA, including the permitted land uses and building heights.

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2. New drive-in or drive-through facilities are not permitted, except for businesses located adjacent to the freeway, or as approved through the development review process.

C. Building Design Standards

Development within the RNA is required to comply with the following building design standards.

1. The proposed buildings shall respect the scale of those buildings located in the development zone and serve as an orderly transition to a different scale pursuant to Section 5.12.8.B, Development Transition Standards. Building heights with a vastly different scale than those on adjacent properties should have a transition in scale to reduce and mitigate potential impacts. In areas undergoing change, long range plans should be consulted for guidance as to appropriate heights;
2. All new construction must be consistent with the prevailing setback existing within its development zone except that the PDS Director may approve a different setback than the prevailing setback upon a written finding during the review process that a different setback is warranted by site conditions or applicable development design goals consistent with Section 5.12.1, Purpose, and the proposed setback will not be incompatible with adjacent properties, as defined in Section 11.4.2.A;
3. All new construction shall provide scale defining architectural elements or details at the first two floor levels, such as windows, spandrels, awnings, porticos, cornices, pilasters, columns, and balconies;
4. Every commercial building frontage shall provide a greater floor-to-floor height (14' recommended) than the floors above. It shall have windows, window displays, or visible activity within and adjacent to the building at the ground floor level, with a minimum of 50 percent of the building frontage providing such features; commercial and/or retails uses are recommended where economically viable.
5. A single plane of a façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 feet without architectural relief or articulation by features such as windows, trellises, and arcades;
6. Building façade design shall include pedestrian-scaled, down-shielded, and glare controlled exterior building and window lighting;
7. The front doors of all commercial and government buildings shall be visible from the street and visually highlighted by graphics, lighting, marquees, or canopies;
8. Modifications to the exterior of historic buildings shall complement the overall historic context of the Downtown and respect the architectural integrity of the historic façade;
9. Buildings shall be designed to shield adjacent buildings and public rights-of-way from reflected heat and glare;

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10. Safe and adequate vehicular parking areas designed to minimize conflicts with pedestrians and bicycles shall be provided;
11. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structure or vegetation, where permitted by the City;
12. Colors may conform to the overall color palette and context of the Downtown area or may be used expressively to create visual interest, variety, and street rhythms. The rationale for an expressive or idiosyncratic use of color shall be described in the site plan submittal;
13. New buildings shall use materials, patterns, and elements that relate to the traditional context of the Downtown area;
14. Twenty-four-hour, street-level activity is encouraged by providing a mixture of retail, office, and residential uses within each building; and,
15. Primary public entries shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot. Public access to commercial and governmental buildings shall be provided at sidewalk grade. The primary floor of, and access to, residential structures may be elevated. Secondary access may be provided from off-street parking areas.

D. Site Design Standards

1. Vehicular Circulation

- a. All parking area access lanes (PAALs) adjacent to buildings shall have pedestrian circulation paths between the PAAL and the building, with a minimum width of six feet.
- b. The locations of all points of vehicular ingress and egress shall be perpendicular to the intersecting street. Points of ingress and egress points shall be designed to minimize vehicular/pedestrian and vehicular/bicycle conflicts. Adequate storage for vehicular queuing at parking facilities shall be contained on site. Right turn bays are strongly discouraged. Points of ingress and egress shall be minimized wherever possible. Additional temporary ingress and egress locations may be permitted for parking structures when occasional high peak period traffic flows (i.e., parking facilities for event venues) are anticipated.

2. Parking

- a. General Parking standards are listed in Section 7.4. Some properties in the RNA may also be located in the Downtown Parking District, which allows a reduction in the number of parking spaces as provided in Section 7.4.5.B.
- b. Screening of Parking All new parking shall be designed so that vehicles are not visible from the adjoining street level, through incorporation of pedestrian arcades, occupied space, or display space.

c. Employee Parking Employee parking for all uses should be provided at remote locations in order to maximize the availability of space for development.

3. Plazas and Open Space

The fundamental objective of the design standards in this Section 5.12.7.D.3 is to encourage public and private investments to enhance the character and function of Downtown's pedestrian environment.

a. Plazas and Pedestrian Nodes

Five percent of the gross floor area of new construction shall be provided in public plazas or courtyards. Open space plazas, courtyards, and patios are landscaped outdoor areas designed to accommodate multiple uses, from large gatherings of the people for performing arts to smaller gatherings. The plazas and courtyards will be one of the ways that spaces and uses can be linked. The requirement of this section may be waived or reduced by the PDSO Director upon a written finding during the review process that the development enhances the downtown pedestrian environment even with a smaller percent or elimination of the requirement.

b. Viewshed Corridors

Views of all historic properties and all natural elements surrounding the Downtown should be considered during design. Plazas, courtyards, and open spaces shall be sited to include views to other public spaces, where feasible.

c. Linkages (Physical and Visual)

Neighborhood linkages shall be maintained throughout Downtown.

4. Streetscape

a. Streetscapes must be consistent with the Streetscape Design Policy. In streetscape design, priority is given to pedestrians.

b. Shade

Shade shall be provided for at least 50 percent of all sidewalks and pedestrian pathways as measured at 12:00 p.m. on June 21 when the sun is ~~82~~80° above the horizon (based on 32°N Latitude). Shade may be provided by arcades, canopies, or shade structures , provided they and their location and design characteristics are compatible with the prevailing and design context of the street and the architectural integrity of the building . Deciduous trees, as proposed in the Downtown Comprehensive Street Tree Plan, are encouraged to supplement existing evergreen trees. The use of plantings and shade structures in the City right-of-way are permitted to meet this standard with the approval of the Department of Transportation. The shade provided by a building may serve to meet this standard.

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E. Demolition of Historic Structures in the RNA

In the RNA, demolition of the following types of structures is reviewed in accordance with Section 5.8.10, Demolition of Historic Properties, Landmarks, and Structures:

1. Structures that are listed in the National Register of Historic Places or the Arizona Register of Historic Places.
2. Structures that are eligible for listing in the National or State registers.
3. Structures designated as City Historic Landmarks.

F. RNA Review

1. Pre-Application Conference

A pre-application conference with the PDS staff is required to determine whether the application meets the design standards and requirements of the RNA.

2. Submittal and Staff Review

Upon submittal, the PDS staff reviews the application for compliance with the RNA standards and makes recommendations to the PDS Director whether to approve or reject the application.

3. Review by the Design Review Board (DRB)

The Design Review Board (DRB) reviews all applications for compliance with the RNA standards in conjunction with the underlying zoning, and makes findings and recommendations to the PDS Director. Applications are scheduled with the DRB at the first available meeting.

4. Tucson-Pima County Historical Commission (TPCHPC) Review

The TPCHC Plans Review Subcommittee reviews applications that propose exterior changes to buildings on or eligible for inclusion on the National or Arizona Register of Historic Places. The TPCHC Plans Review Subcommittee makes findings and recommendations to the PDS Director.

5. Decision

The PDS Director makes the decision whether to approve or deny the application after receiving recommendations from staff, DRB, and, when applicable, the TPCHC Plans Review Subcommittee.

6. Notice of Decision

Notice of the decision must be provided to the applicant within three (3) days of the date of the decision and the appropriate HPZ Advisory Board, if applicable, and the plans review subcommittee.

7. Appeals

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If an application is denied, the applicant may appeal the decision to the Board of Adjustment in accordance with Section 3.10.2. Appeals must be submitted to the PDSB within five days of the notice of decision.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.8. GENERAL IID ZONING OPTION DESIGN STANDARDS

An IID Plan under the IID zoning option design standards must demonstrate compliance with the following:

A. IID Land Uses

Unless specifically stated otherwise elsewhere in Section 5.12, a proposed development project using the IID zoning option must meet one of following two requirements:

1. Permitted land uses are limited to those listed in Table 5.12-GIIS-1 below:

<u>TABLE 5.12-IID-1</u> <u>LAND USE</u>	
<u>LAND USE TYPE</u>	
<u>Commercial Services Group</u> <u>Administrative and Professional Office</u> <u>Alcoholic Beverage Service</u> <u>Entertainment</u> <u>Food Service</u> <u>Personal Services</u> <u>Travelers' Accommodation, Lodging</u>	<u>Industrial Use Group</u> <u>Craft work</u> <u>Retail Trade Group</u> <u>General Merchandise Sales</u> <u>Food and Beverage Sales</u> <u>Residential Group</u> <u>Attached Family Dwelling</u> <u>Multifamily Dwelling</u> <u>Group Dwellings, pursuant to Section 5.12.6.K</u>
<u>Civic Use Group</u> <u>Civic Assembly</u> <u>Cultural Use</u> <u>Educational Use: Instructional School</u> <u>Educational Use: Post-secondary Institution</u> <u>Religious Use</u>	<u>Other Uses</u> <u>Mixed Uses are limited to a combination of</u> <u>Residential and any other uses listed in this</u> <u>table.</u>

2. Additional Permitted Uses

Additional permitted uses include any use permitted in the underlying zone for the property, provided the PDSB Director finds the proposed use to be in accordance with Section 5.12.1, (Purpose).

3. Exceptions

a. Permitted land uses for the Downtown Links Subdistrict (DLS) are listed in Section 5.12.11.C.

b. Permitted land uses for property where the underlying zoning is R-1 are limited to the land uses allowed in the R-1 zone.

c. Automotive Service and Repair uses are prohibited.

d. Residential development is permitted where the underlying zoning of the property is P-I, I-1, or I-2.

BA. Streetscape Design

Streetscape design must comply with the street design standards in the Technical Manual and the Streetscape Design Policy.

1. Pedestrian-orientation

Projects shall be pedestrian-oriented and comply with all of the following standards:

- a. New construction shall have architectural elements/details at the first two floor levels;
- b. Buildings shall provide windows, window displays, or visible activity on the ground floor for at least 50 percent of frontage;
- c. A single plane of façade shall be no longer than fifty feet without architectural detail;
- d. Front doors shall be visible or identifiable from the street and visually highlighted by graphics, lighting, or similar features;
- e. Uses, ~~such as Commercial Services or Retail Trade uses~~ that encourage street level pedestrian activity are preferred on the first floor of a structure of a multistory building. This may include, but is not limited to, Commercial Services, Retail Trade uses, etc; It is encouraged to have a greater floor-to-floor height (14' recommended) for the first level than the floors above.
- f. Construction and maintenance of sidewalks must be done in compliance with the City's Streetscape Design Policy. Existing sidewalk widths shall be maintained so as to provide effective, accessible, connectivity to adjoining properties. Sidewalks may be widened to accommodate a project's design characteristics. Where no sidewalks exist, sidewalks shall be provided. Outdoor seating and dining areas and landscaping may be located in the sidewalk area where safe and effective sidewalk width around the design feature can be provided;
- g. To the extent practicable, bus pull-outs shall be provided where bus stops are currently located; and
- h. If drive-through service is proposed, it shall not interfere with pedestrian access to the site from the right-of-way .

2. Shade

- a. Except as provided below, shade shall be provided for at least 50% of all sidewalks and pedestrian access paths as measured at 12:00 p.m. on June 21 when the sun is 82-80 degrees above the horizon. Shade may be provided by trees,

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arcades, canopies, or shade structures provided their location and design characteristics are compatible with the historic and design context of the street and the architectural integrity of the building . The use of plantings and shade structures in the City right-of-way is permitted to meet this standard with the approval of the Transportation Department. The shade provided by a building may serve to meet this standard.

b. Exception

The PDSD Director may approve an IID Plan providing less than 50% shade where compliance is not feasible due to a project site's location and/or building orientation and the applicant has made a reasonable attempt to comply with this standard.

CB. Development Transition Standards

The purpose of the Development Transition Standards is to mitigate excessive visual, noise, odor, vibration intrusion, and other similar public health and safety concerns that may be created by the proposed project.

1. Applicability

Developing sites that abut an affected single family or duplex dwelling shall comply with this section. For purposes of the IID, the following terms and examples describe elements of applicable transitional areas:

- a. "Affected residential property" refers to an existing detached single-family or duplex dwelling that is adjacent to a developing site;
- b. "High density residential" refers to residential development that is neither existing single-family detached nor attached dwellings;
- c. Examples of applicable transitional areas include a nonresidential developing site adjacent to existing single-family detached or attached dwellings within a subdivision, or a developing high density residential site adjacent to existing single-family detached or attached dwellings within a subdivision; and,
- d. For projects within the DCS, the Development Transition Standards apply only to those projects adjacent to affected residential properties outside the DCS boundaries.

2. Mitigation of Taller Structures

Compliance with the following standards is required where the developing site has taller buildings than adjacent affected residential properties:

- a. Within the GIIS and DCS, the maximum building height is 25 feet within 30 feet of the property line adjacent to an affected residential property. Proposed buildings may be developed to the maximum height permitted by the underlying zone or as permitted by the IID Subdistrict, whichever is

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applicable, when the building is 30 feet or more from the property line adjacent to an affected residential property;

b. Building Bulk Reduction

If a building façade faces a property line adjacent to a single-family detached or duplex residential property, the PDSO Director may require bulk reduction. The Design Professional shall make a finding and recommendation, after consulting with the DRC and/or Historic Commission if applicable, that the proposed design provides an effective way of breaking up the mass so the building mass of the façade is less imposing.

c. Windows at or above the second story of a structure shall be located or treated to reduce views into adjacent affected residential property's buildings and yard areas;

d. Balconies shall be oriented away from affected residential property or use a screening device to reduce views in to the rear or side yards of the affected residential property.

e. The developing site's buildings shall be oriented so as to reduce views onto an affected residential property; and

f. Buffers and/or screening consistent with the purpose of this section shall be provided between a developing site and affected residential properties and shall include features such as, but not limited to, landscaping, walls, and architecturally decorative features.

3. Mitigation of Service Areas

Potential nuisance or noisy areas shall be oriented away from affected residential property, such as by placing service areas for loading and garbage disposal between the developing site's buildings, behind opaque barriers, or by using architectural or landscaping treatments that effectively reduce nuisance impacts from service areas. The service area shall be mitigated to reduce the noise and view of the service features, reduce the emission of offensive odors to owners or occupants of adjacent properties or create a nuisance or hazard beyond the property lines of the project site, and prevent vibrations that are discernible beyond the property lines of the project site.

4. Mitigation of Parking Facilities and Other Areas

Where the site has parking areas or an area with noise and outdoor lighting features, the areas shall be screened from affected residential property by a combination of a wall or opaque non-chain link fence with a vegetative hedge or a row of trees that shall be dense enough to screen views onto the development site. An alternative treatment may be used, such as using architectural or landscaping treatments that effectively reduce nuisance impacts from parking facilities and

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other areas. Where there is a finding that the vegetative screen will be opaque, the requirement of a masonry wall may be waived by the PDSO Director.

DC. Alternative Compliance

1. The PDSO Director may approve an urban design best practice option for compliance with Section 5.12.8.A, Streetscape Design, and Section 5.12.8.B, Development Transition Standards.
2. For purposes of this section, urban design best practices may include urban design studies approved for the City of Tucson, adopted urban design standards for a downtown area in an Arizona city of comparable size or a city in the Southwest of comparable size, books written by urban design experts or endorsed by a professional organization, such as the American Institute of Architects, addressing downtown development, or any comparable report, study, or standards recommended by the City's Design Professional and approved by the PDSO Director.

ED. Utilities

Plans shall include information on the layout and demonstrate availability of utilities such as water, wastewater, natural gas, electric, and telecommunication utilities.

FE. Parking

1. Parking spaces may be located as follows:
 - a. On site; or
 - b. Off-site within ¼ of a mile of the project site under a shared parking agreement that is approved by the City.
2. Required vehicle and bicycle parking may be reduced pursuant to an IID Parking Plan in accordance with Section 7.4.5.A, except as modified as follows:
 - a. Section 7.4.5.A.3 in Permitted Uses and Types of Development does not apply. An IID Parking Plan may be used to reduce required residential parking.
 - b. Bike parking shall be provided when motor vehicle parking is provided. The PDSO Director may reduce the required number of bike parking spaces depending on the use, setting, and intensity of the proposal.
 - c. Section 7.4.5.A.6, Review and Approval Procedures does not apply. Review and approval of IID Parking Plan shall be done as part of the IID review process per Section 5.12.6, IID Plan Review and Approval Procedures under the IID Zoning Option. The neighborhood meeting that is required for under Section 7.4.5.A.6.a may be held concurrently with the neighborhood meeting required by Section 5.12.6.B.
 - d. Section 7.4.5.B, Downtown Parking District, does not apply.

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3. Where Parking is provided, the parking area must comply with the standards of Section 7.4.6.C and D.

4. Parking must be in a parking structure with the ground floor of the parking structure screened from view.

a. Exception

Parking may be located on a surface parking lot if it is determined by the PDSO Director to be impracticable to be located elsewhere and other options are not available.

b. Parking may be located on a surface parking lot if it is determined by the PDSO Director to be impracticable to be located elsewhere and other options are not available. If located onsite, parking areas must be located at the rear or side of the building.

c. Changes of use and expansion of existing structures may use the site's current parking configuration.

d. Parking structures shall be designed so that parked vehicles are screened from view through incorporation of design elements including, but not limited to, landscaping, pedestrian arcades, occupied space, or display space.

5. Special IID Parking Agreement

Where a developer can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the PDSO that the parking options provided for in this Section are not feasible, and the City makes a specific finding that the project will have significant economic development value for the IID Sub-District in which it will be located, the following parking options are allowed as follows:

a. A percentage of long-term residential parking may be located in a City public parking garage by an agreement with Park Tucson if the project is of significant economic benefit to the City to allow this option.

b. The agreement must be reviewed by PDSO, the Design Professional, Park Tucson and approved by the City Manager.

GF. Multi-zone Parcels

Where a development parcel contains more than one zoning district, uses and building massing may be distributed across the zoning districts on the parcel, provided that the development complies with the design standards in Section 5.12.8.B to mitigate the impact of the new development on existing, less intensely developed adjacent parcels.

H. Affordable Housing

1. Purpose & Applicability

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To encourage the provision of housing for low- to moderate-income, disabled and elderly residents, incentives are offered in exchange for the incorporation of Affordable Housing Units into a Project. To be eligible for these incentives, the following criteria must be met:

- a. Only Projects with a minimum of ten (10) dwelling units, or Projects adding at least ten (10) dwelling units to an existing Project, shall be eligible for Density relief.
- b. All of the Affordable Housing Units shall be located within a single Project.
- c. Affordable Housing Units shall be incorporated throughout the Project and shall not be distinguishable in any manner from market-rate units, including square footage, access to amenities, location, grouping, or exterior design.
- d. At least fifteen (15) percent of the total number of dwelling units in the Project shall be Affordable Housing Units for households earning 80 percent of AMI or less. (Fractions are rounded up or down to the nearest whole number.)

2. Density Relief & Maximum Building Heights

a. A Project featuring Affordable Housing Units that meets the criteria in Section 5.12.8.G.1:

(1) Are exempt from maximum allowable residential Density restrictions pursuant to applicable IID development standards.

(2) Building height may be increased up to:

(a) 60 feet or the maximum height of what is allowed by the underlying zoning in the Greater Infill Incentive Subdistrict (GIIS).

(b) 75 feet or the maximum height of what is allowed by the underlying zoning in the Downtown Core Subdistrict (DCS).

b. Except as otherwise noted, projects featuring Affordable Housing Units shall comply with all other requirements of Section 5.12 in which it is located.

3. Terms of Affordability

a. The term of affordability for multi-family residential units for rent or lease is fifty (50) years from C of O.

b. The term of affordability for for-sale condominium units is thirty (30) years from C of O.

4. The Project developer or manager shall provide an annual report to the HCD Director verifying the units qualify as Affordable Housing Units. The report shall identify the income of persons residing in the Affordable Housing Units and the housing costs, including rents, mortgages, utilities and association fees being charged, and any other relevant information requested by the HCD Director to verify the Project is being utilized for affordable housing.

5. Compliance measures can be required at the time of approval, including but not limited to contracts, restrictive covenants, deed restrictions and stipulated penalties.

6. If a proposal involves redevelopment of a residential property that is currently rented or owned by a household, HCD shall be part of the pre-application meeting to discuss resources that may be available to the property owner and/or household.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015; Am. Ord. 11640, 4/23/2019)

5.12.9. GREATER INFILL INCENTIVE SUBDISTRICT (GIIS)

A. GIIS Land Uses

Permitted land uses in the GIIS are determined by Section 5.12.8.A.

In the GHS, a proposed development project using the IID zoning option must meet both of following requirements:

1. It must be a use permitted by the underlying zoning on the property.
2. It is limited to the uses listed in Table 5.12-GHS-1 below.

TABLE 5.12-GIIS-1 LAND USE	
LAND USE TYPE	
<p>Commercial Services Group Administrative and Professional Office Alcoholic Beverage Service Entertainment Food Service Personal Services Travelers' Accommodation, Lodging Civic Use Group Civic Assembly Cultural Use Educational Use: Instructional School Educational Use: Post-secondary Institution Religious Use</p>	<p>Industrial Use Group Craft work Retail Trade Group General Merchandise Sales Food and Beverage Sales Residential Group Attached Family Dwelling Multifamily Dwelling Group Dwellings, pursuant to Section 5.12.6.K Other Uses Mixed Uses are limited to a combination of Residential and any other uses listed in this table.</p>

3. Additional Permitted Uses

With the exception of Automotive Service and Repair uses, which are prohibited, permitted uses include any use permitted in the underlying zone for the property,

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~~provided the PDSD Director finds the proposed use to be in accordance with Section 5.12.1, (Purpose).~~

B. Modifications of Underlying Development Standards

Except as provided in Subsection C below, the requirements in the following sections of the UDC may be modified up to 25 percent of the dimension amount permitted by the underlying zoning: Article 6, Dimensional Standards and Measurements; Section 7.4, Motor Vehicle & Bicycle Parking; Section 7.5, Off- Street Loading; Section 7.6, Landscaping and Screening. Section 7.7, Native Plant Preservation may not be modified.

C. Exceptions

The following sections of the UDC may be modified in excess of 25 percent to the extent specified below upon findings by the PDSD Director that the modification is consistent with Section 5.12.1, Purpose.

1. Article 6, Dimensional Standards and Measurements

a. Building Height

(1) For all development other than residential uses in the underlying I-1 and I-2 zones, Bbuilding height may be increased up to 60 feet unless the current zoning allows a greater height or where the IID Plan's Development Transition Standards as provided in Section 5.12.8.B require less.

(2) Building height of residential uses in the underlying I-1 and I-2 zones, shall follow building height requirements of the R-3 zone district, and may be modified in accordance with Section 5.12.9.B.

(3) Exception: affordable housing projects are governed by the standards of UDC Section 5.12.8.H.

b. Street Perimeter Yard

Perimeter yard requirements may be reduced or waived if the PDSD Director determines that the request is consistent with the Major Streets and Route Plan. The Director of the ~~Transportation~~ Department of Transportation and Mobility, may modify the Major Streets and Routes setback if there is adequate sight visibility, no traffic safety issue is created, the reduction complies with the standards of Section 5.12.8.B, and the setback does not create a future roadway expansion problem. This provision may apply to Major Streets and Routes setbacks in the DCS and DLS.

c. Residential Density

(1) For all development other than residential in the underlying I-1 and I-2 zones, Nno residential density ~~calculation (RAN)~~-standards apply.

(2) Residential density calculations for residential uses in the underlying I-1 and I-2 zones, shall follow density requirements of the R-3 zone district.

(3). Exception: affordable housing projects are governed by the standards of UDC Section 5.12.8.H.

2. Section 7.4, Motor Vehicle and Bicycle Parking

a. Parking

Parking as required by Section 7.4, Motor Vehicle and Bicycle Parking, may be reduced up to 25 percent. Parking may be decreased by more than 25 percent per a written agreement with the Park Tucson, or in accordance with Section 5.12.6.M, IID Parking Plan, if the analysis and findings show the proposed parking is adequate.

b. Accessible Parking and Bicycle Facilities

(1) The number and location of accessible parking spaces required by the City's adopted Building Code shall not be reduced or eliminated and shall be based on the number of motor vehicle parking spaces required prior to any modification.

(2) Bicycle facilities may not be reduced or eliminated and must be based on the number of bicycle spaces required by Section 7.4.8 for the use.

c. Location

Parking may be provided by any one of the following options or by a combination of the following options:

(1) On-site;

(2) Off-site within one-fourth of a mile of the project site through a shared parking agreement with the City ;

(3) With the approval of the Department of Transportation, proposals for non-residential uses may provide up to five on-street spaces on a collector or arterial street where parking is permitted.

3. Section 7.5, Off-Street Loading

Off-street loading zone standards may be reduced or waived if PDSD and the Department of Transportation determine that no traffic safety issue is created.

4. Solid Waste Collection

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On-site refuse collection container standards governing access, type, and location may be modified if the Environmental Services Department determines that no public health or traffic safety issue is created.

5. Section 7.6, Landscaping and Screening

a. Section 7.7, Native Plant Preservation may not be modified.

b. Except as required by Section 5.12.8.B, Development Transition Standards, a complete or partial exception to Section 7.6, Landscaping and Screening Standards, may be granted if shade is provided for pedestrians and customers, such as along sidewalks, pedestrian circulation paths, and outdoor patios, in accordance with Section 5.12.6.A.2. The landscaping requirement may also be waived by the PDSO Director based on a written finding that the waiver is necessary to preserve the prevailing setback.

c. Any one or more of the following types of landscaping and improvements may be used to comply with this section:

- (1) Existing landscaping;
- (2) Shade trees in the right-of-way;
- (3) Green walls or green roofs; and/or
- (4) Shade structures, such as awnings.

6. Pedestrian Access

Alternative pedestrian access that creates connectivity between public entrances to the project and abutting sidewalks may be allowed as long as no safety hazard is created. All pedestrian access shall conform to the accessibility standards of the City's adopted Building Code.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.10. DOWNTOWN CORE SUBDISTRICT (DCS)

A. Permitted Uses

With the exception of detached single-family dwellings, which are not allowed, permitted uses in the DCS are ~~those uses~~ listed ~~for the GHS, in~~ Section ~~5.12.9.A~~5.12.8.A.

B. Standards

The following apply to all development within the DCS:

1. Building Height

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a. Maximum building height may be increased up to 60 feet unless the current zoning allows a greater height or where the approved IID Plan's Development Transition Standards requires less.

b2. In the underlying I-1 and I-2 Zone, uses permitted in the DCS under Section 5.12.9.A5.12.8.A, other than residential uses, above are limited to a maximum 75 foot building height.

c. Residential uses in the underlying I-1 and I-2 Zone, are limited to a maximum 60 foot building height.

d. Exception: affordable housing projects are governed by the standards of UDC Section 5.12.8.H.

2. Residential Density

(1) Residential uses in the underlying I-1 and I-2 zones shall follow residential density requirements of the C-3 zone district.

(2) Residential uses where the underlying zoning is not the I-1 or I-2 zones, shall follow residential density requirements of the underlying zone.

(3). Exception: affordable housing projects are governed by the standards of UDC Section 5.12.8.H.

3. When provided, landscaping shall be in accordance with the City's drought-tolerant plant list;

4. Bicycle parking shall be provided when motor vehicle parking is provided. The required number of bicycle parking spaces may be reduced pursuant to an IID Parking Plan, Section 5.12.6.M when bicycle parking is required per this section;

5. Where applicable, applicants are strongly encouraged to comply with Section 7.7, Native Plant Preservation; and,

6. All applications shall be in accordance with Section 5.12.7.C.6, .9, .12, .13, and .14, and Section 5.12.7.D.3. Open space is defined in the DCS as stated in Section 5.12.11.B.6, Downtown Links Subdistrict.

C. Exemptions

Except as provided in this section, development within the DCS is exempt from the following standards unless the PDSD Director makes a finding that public safety and health would be jeopardized:

1. Section 5.4, Major Streets and Routes Setback Zone;

2. Minimum perimeter yard standard as provided in Section 6.3, except when required by Section 5.12.8.B, Development Transition Standards;

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3. Maximum lot coverage standard as provided in Section 6.3;
4. Minimum lot size standard as provided in Section 6.3,
5. Section 7.4, Motor Vehicle and Bicycle Parking, except as provided in Section 5.12.8.E;
6. Section 7.5, Off-Street Loading;
7. Section 7.6, Landscaping and Screening Standards, except as required by Section 5.12.8.B, Development Transition Standards; and,
8. Section 7.7, Native Plant Preservation, except when the property includes a drainage corridor where native plants are present or when the property is adjacent to a drainage corridor and remnant native plants are present on the project site .

D. Other Permitted Modifications

1. Pedestrian Access

Alternative pedestrian access that creates connectivity between public entrances to the project and abutting sidewalks may be allowed as long as no safety hazard is created. All pedestrian access shall conform to the City's adopted Building Code.

2. Solid Waste Collection

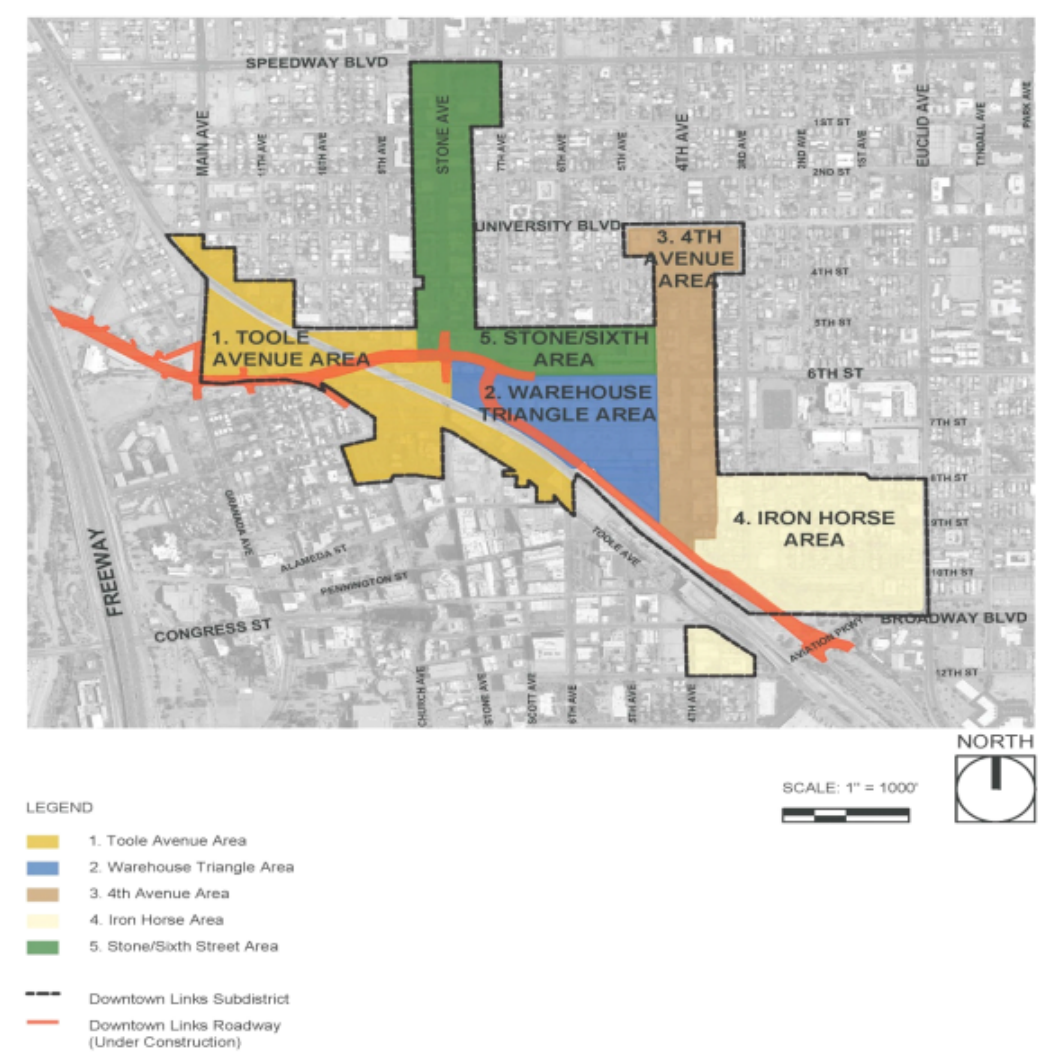
On-site refuse collection container standards governing access, type, and location may be modified if the Environmental Services Department determines that no public health or traffic safety issue is created.

(Am. Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.11. DOWNTOWN LINKS SUBDISTRICT (DLS)

FIGURE 5.12-DLS-A: MAP OF DOWNTOWN LINKS SUB-DISTRICT

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A. DLS Areas and Sub-Areas

The DLS is divided into the following Areas:

1. Toole Avenue Area (TAA)
 - a. Toole Avenue Sub-Area (TAS)
 - b. UA Annex Sub-Area (UAS)
 - c. El Presidio Sub-Area (EPS)
2. Warehouse Triangle Area (WTA)
3. Fourth Avenue Area (FAA)
 - a. Fourth Avenue Historic Sub-Area (FHS)

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- b. Fourth Avenue Sub-Area (FAS)
- 4. Iron Horse Area (IHA)
 - a. Armory Park and Iron Horse, Mixed Use Sub-Area (AIH-MS)
 - b. Iron Horse, Low Density Residential Sub- Area (IH-RS)
- 5. Stone/Sixth Area (SSA)
 - a. Stone Sub-Area (STS)
 - b. Sixth Street Sub-Area (SSS)

B. Required Use and Development Standards and Notations

1. Required use and development standards in the DLS Sub-Areas are set forth in the Tables and Diagrams for each DLS Area. Uses that are similar in nature and intensity as those listed may be permitted by Special Exception through the procedures for Special Exceptions in Section 4.3.2, provided the PDSO Director finds the proposed use to be in accordance with Section 5.12.1, Purpose.
2. The numbers in the Tables following a use or a standard correspond to the specific requirements of that use or standard (see Tables in each Sub-Area)
3. The letters in the Tables correspond to the letters in the Diagrams in each Sub-Area.
4. Illustrations and Figures used in the DLS are not regulatory unless referred to by a standards table.
5. To encourage innovative design solutions, Section 5.12.8.C may be used for an urban design best practice option.
6. Open space refers to public, private, and common area locations. Balconies are not considered open space. Common areas may include areas used by tenants or customers and/or the public where practicable. The percentage of open space in all Area and Sub- Area developments may be calculated as a combination of all three types of open space. Open space is encouraged at the street level. Pedestrian access to open space may be required as determined practicable by the PDSO Director.

C. Permitted Uses for all Areas and Sub-Areas in the DLS

Permitted land uses under the DLS zoning option are shown in Table 5.12-DLS-1 for each DLS Area; Use Specific Standards for Table 5.12-DLS-1 are listed below.

1. In the UAS all land uses must comply with the standards as set forth in the I-1 underlying zoning except that residential uses for C-3 zoning are allowed. Automotive service uses are not permitted.

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2. Uses similar in nature and intensity to the uses permitted in the DLS may be permitted as a Special Exception land use pursuant to the Special Exception Process under Section 3.4.2.

TABLE 5.12-DLS-1

PERMITTED USES									
LAND USE TYPE	PERMITTED USES IN THE FOLLOWING DLS AREAS								
	TAS	UAS	EPS	WTA	FAA	AIH- MS	IH-RS	STS	SSS
COMMERCIAL SERVICES GROUP									
PERMITTED USES									
LAND USE TYPE	PERMITTED USES IN THE FOLLOWING DLS AREAS								
	TAS	UAS	EPS	WTA	FAA	AIH- MS	IH-RS	STS	SSS
COMMERCIAL SERVICES GROUP									
Administrative and Professional Offices	P	P	P	P	P	P (1)		P	P
Alcoholic Beverage Sale: Microbrewery as an accessory use to this group	P	P	P	P	P	P (1)		P (1)	P
Animal Services	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)		P (2)	P (2)
Commercial Recreation	P (3)	P (3)	P (3)	P (3)	P (3)			P (3)	P (3)
Day Care	P	P	P	P	P	P (1)		P	P
Entertainment	P (3)	P (3, 4)	P (3, 4)	P (3, 4)	P (3, 4)			P (3, 4)	P (3, 4)
Financial Services	P (5, 6)	P (5, 6)	P (5, 6)	P (5, 6)	P (5, 6)	P (1, 5, 6)		P (1, 5, 6)	P (5, 6)
Food Service	P (7, 8)	P (7, 8)	P (7, 8)	P (7, 8)	P (7, 8)	P (1, 7, 8)		P (1, 7, 8)	P (7, 8)
Medical Services - Outpatient	P (9)	P (9)	P (9)	P (9)	P (9)	P (9)		P (9)	P (9)
Parking	P	P (12)	P (12)	P (12)				P	P (12)
Personal Services	P	P	P	P	P	P (1)		P	P
Research and Product Development	P (10)	P (10)	P (10)	P (10)	P (10)	P		P (10)	P (10)
Technical Services	P	P	P	P	P			P	P
Trade Service and Repair- Minor	P	P	P	P	P	P (1)		P	P
Transportation Service- Land Carrier	P (11)	P (11)	P (11)	P (11)	P (11)			P (11)	P (11)
Travelers Accommodations, Lodging	P (13)	P (13)	P (13)	P (13)	P (1, 13, 14)	P (13)	P (13)		
RETAIL USE GROUP									
Food and Beverage Sales	P (5)	P (5)	P (5)	P (5)	P (5)	P (1, 5, 18)		P (5)	P (5)

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General Merchandise Sales	P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (1, 5, 15, 16, 17)		P (5, 15, 16, 17)	P (5, 15, 16, 17)
Vehicle Rental	P (12)	P (12)	P (12)	P (12)	P (12)			P (12)	P (12)
CIVIC USE GROUP									
Civic Assembly	P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P
Cultural Use	P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P
Educational Uses Post-secondary Institution or Instructional School	P	P	P	P	P			P	P
Membership Organization	P	P	P	P	P			P	P
Postal Services	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Religious Use	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Protective Services	P	P	P	P	P	P		P	P
RECREATIONAL USE GROUP									
Parks and Recreation	P (3)	P (3)		P (3)	P (3)	P (20)	P (20)	P (3)	P (3)
RESIDENTIAL USE GROUP									
Family Dwelling	P (28)	P (28)	P (28)	P (28)	P (28)	P (28)	P	P (28)	P (28)
Group Dwelling	P (29)	P (29)	P (29)	P (29)	P (29)			P (29)	P (29)
Artist Studio/Res.	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)	P (19)
Residential Care Services- Adult Care Service or Physical or Behavioral Health	P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)		P (21, 23)	P (21, 23)
Residential Care Services/ Rehabilitation Services	P (22)	P (22, 23)	P (22, 23)	P (22, 23)	P (22, 23)	P (1, 22, 23)		P (22, 23)	P (22, 23)
Home Occupation	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)	P (24)
INDUSTRIAL GROUP									
Craft work	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
General Manufacturing	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)	P(25)	P (25)			P (25)	P (25)
Perishable Goods Manufacturing -	P (26)	P(26)	P(26)	P(26)	P (1) (26)		P(26)	P(26)	P(26)
Precision Manufacturing	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)			P (25)	P (25)
Primary Manufacturing	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)	P (25)			P (25)	P (25)
Salvaging or Recycling	P (27)	P (27)	P (27)	P (27)	P (27)			P (27)	P (27)

D. Use Specific Standards for Table 5.12-DLS-1

1. Permitted only on Ninth Street in the AIH-MS. Permitted only in Stone Avenue in STS.
2. The use must be entirely contained in the interior of the building and is not permitted in any yard or patio.

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3. Large recreational facilities of more than 25,000 sq. ft. of floor area (including gross floor area and any outside areas providing service to the public) are not allowed.
4. Circuses, carnivals, or tent shows are not allowed.
5. Drive-through services are not allowed.
6. Non-chartered financial institution facilities, such as payday loan facilities are not allowed.
7. Drive-in and drive-through restaurants are not allowed.
8. Soup kitchens are not allowed.
9. Blood donor centers are not allowed.
10. Only scientific, non-industrial type of research and development is allowed.
11. The use is limited to public transit stops.
12. No surface parking lots. Vehicle parking must be located in a structure.
13. Hotels may not provide individual room access from the exterior of the building.
14. Limited to Bed & Breakfast only. Permitted for up to 20 guests for a maximum of 14 days. No more than 20 sleeping rooms may be used by guests. Meals may be served only to guests staying at the facility. Separate cooking facilities in guest rooms are prohibited.
15. Display or storage of fertilizer, manure, or other odorous material is not allowed.
16. Gas stations are not allowed.
17. Motor vehicle sales are not allowed.
18. No alcoholic beverage sales.
19. Adequate measures required to assure the health, safety and welfare of the occupants or adjacent residents' property in relation to any industrial process, use or storage. Additionally, appropriate building code occupancy separation must be ensured. On-site sale of the artists' products, including occasional shows of the artist' works are permitted secondary uses.
20. Limited to Neighborhood Parks Recreation. In addition to City of Tucson/Pima County Outdoor Lighting Code Chapter 6, Section 601- 603, Recreational Facilities, any outdoor lighting associated with the use must be located and directed to eliminate glare toward streets and adjoining residential areas.
21. Care is permitted for a maximum of 20 residents.

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- 22. Care is permitted for a maximum of 10 residents.
- 23. If licensing is required by the state of Arizona for the use, proof of such licensure must be provided.
- 24. Permitted as an accessory use to a Family Dwelling, excluding Day Care and Traveler's Accommodation Lodging. The use may not create any nuisance, hazard or other offensive condition, such as that resulting from noise, smoke, dust, odors or other noxious emissions.
- 25. Permitted as an accessory use to the Commercial Services and Retail use groups, and limited to 50% of the gross floor area.
- 26. Limited to baked goods, confectionary other food products manufacturing.
- 27. Permitted as an accessory land use to religious, commercial services, retail trade use groups and educational use. Salvaging and recycling is limited to recycling collection bins and to empty household product containers, such as, but not limited to, aluminum cans, glass and plastic bottles, and newspaper.
- 28. For Family Dwelling uses, only Multifamily Dwelling Developments are allowed.
- 29. Group Dwellings that meet the IID definition for that term in Section 11.4.8.G require Mayor and Council approval pursuant to Section 3.4.4 Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedure.

E. Downtown Links Roadway

Development under the Downtown Links Sub-District portion or the UDC is prohibited within the right-of-way of the future downtown links roadway project. Preliminary location of future right-of-way is depicted on sub-area maps.

F. Historic Preservation

The maps included in this document attempt to show the "contributing" or "eligible" properties from information available as of June 2014. It is the responsibility of each applicant for this zoning option to verify the current eligibility status of the property in question with the Office of Historic Preservation.

G. Loading, Solid Waste, Landscaping and Screening for all Areas and Sub- Areas in the DLS

Loading and solid waste collection and landscaping and screening requirements in all DLS Areas and Sub-Areas are provided in Table 5.12-DLS-2.

TABLE 5.12-DLS-2

LOADING AND SOLID WASTE
Loading requirements must comply with Section 7.4 <i>et seq.</i> for the land use group or class. (1)
Solid waste collection requirements must comply with COT Administrative Manual Section 8.01 <i>et seq.</i> for solid waste. (2)

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LANDSCAPING AND SCREENING
A complete or partial exception to the landscaping and screening requirements in Section 7.6 may be granted by the PDS Director, if shade along sidewalks, pedestrian circulation paths or outdoor patios is provided for pedestrians and customers in accordance Section 5.12.6.A.2. Alternative pedestrian access that creates connectivity between public entrances to the project and abutting sidewalk is allowed if no safety hazard is created. All pedestrian access must conform to the accessibility standards of the City's Building Code.
SPECIFIC STANDARDS
1. Off-street loading zone standards may be reduced or waived if PDS and the Dept. of Transportation determine that no traffic safety issue is created. 2. On-site refuse collection container requirements governing access, type, and location may be modified if the Environmental Services Dept. determines that no public health or traffic safety issues are created. Group solutions (multiple site, multiple owners) to refuse collection are encouraged.

H. Solar Exposure

Solar Exposure standards for all Sub-Districts in the DLS provided in Table 5.12- DLS-3.

TABLE 5.12-DLS-3

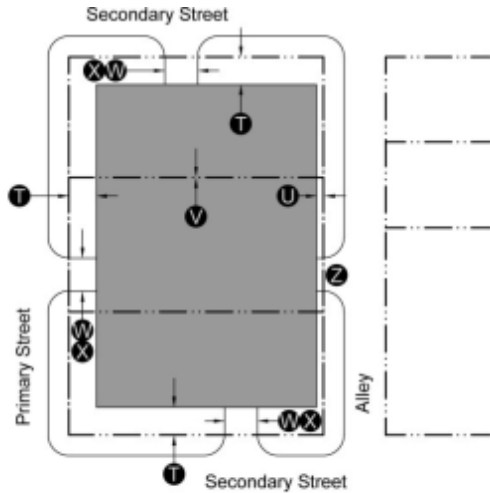
SOLAR EXPOSURE		
Maximum Glass on East and West	50% of Façade	
Minimum shade on East and West glass (1)	50%	
Maximum glass on North and South	Unlimited	
Minimum shade on North and South glass	0%	
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Percentage of glass must be shaded between 10 AM and 3 PM between May through October.		

I. Parking

Parking standards for all DLS Areas and Sub-Areas are shown in Figure 5.12-E and Table 5.12-DLS-5. Additionally the General IID parking standards in Section 5.12.6.M apply.

FIGURE 5.12.E

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



Key
 - - - - Property Line ■ Allowable Parking Area
 ——— Parking Setbacks

TABLE 5.12-DLS-5

PARKING		
Location (Distance from Property Line)		
Street Setback (5)	30 Ft.	T
Pedestrian Easement Setback	5 Ft.	U
Side Setback (8)	0 Ft.	V
Required Spaces		
Off-street (1, 4)	Non-residential = 0 Residential = 1/DU	
Accessible (2, 3)	Compliance with the accessible parking requirements in the UDC for the underlying zone .	
Bicycle Facilities (2)	Compliance with the requirements in the UDC for the underlying zone .	
Vehicular Access Points (9)		
Maximum Allowable Width	24 Ft.	W
Maximum Allowable Number	1 Drive/Primary Street (6)	X
Alley Access (7)	1 Drive per property at FAS and IHA-RS Sub-Areas only	Z

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SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. Commercial parking not required. Residential uses are required to provide 1 space per unit. Further reduction in required on-site residential parking can be achieved through an IID Parking Plan prepared pursuant to Section 5.12.E; leased spaces from an off-site location; or an on-site care-share program.
2. Required accessible spaces and bicycle facilities may not be reduced or eliminated. The number of required accessible spaces is governed by the Building Code. The number of bicycle spaces required for a proposed use is governed by Section 7.4.8.
3. Accessible spaces may be provided 1) on-site, 2) off site within one quarter of a mile of the project site through a shared parking agreement, or 3) on street on the same side of the street up to five spaces.
4. Surface parking is allowed only within a structure at sites developed with Floor Area Ratios of 3.0 and above.
5. In the Armory Park, Low Density Residential Infill Sub-Area, parking setback may be reduced to 10 feet from the front property line.
6. At corner lots, vehicular access points may not be located on a primary street. At all other lots, vehicular access points are limited to one per primary street, except in the Fourth Avenue Sub-Area (FAS), where vehicular access lanes may not be located on Fourth Avenue.
7. Access to parking spaces in the Iron Horse, Low Density Residential Infill Sub-Area and the Fourth Avenue Historic and Fourth Avenue Sub-Areas may be had by way of existing alleys **(Z)**.
8. Zero foot setback is also allowed at Union Pacific frontage.
9. In the El Presidio Sub-Area (ESP) vehicular access to Block 175 (bounded by Church Avenue, Council Street, Court Avenue, and Franklin Street) Shall be limited to access from Church Avenue.

J. Alleyways and Pedestrian Access Lanes

Development in the DLS is intended to encourage and support an active, secure and comfortable pedestrian environment. Property fronting alleys and pedestrian lanes should have interesting treatments, such as landscaping and wall art. Alleys and pedestrian access lanes are opportunities for a great place to walk and other active uses, such as spillover activities from the ground level Commercial Services and Retail Trade uses. Special festive lighting is encouraged in alleyways to complement street lighting and to illuminate the space for events. At corner sites, building design and orientation may be organized to have active "frontage" on the alleyway. Architectural elements such as landscaping should be incorporated into properties fronting alleys to screen utility service activities.

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.12. TOOLE AVENUE AREA (TAA)

Toole Avenue Sub-Area (TAS)

The intent of this zone is to allow for and encourage development of northern Toole Avenue as per the Historic Warehouse Arts District Master plan. Incentives offered under the Downtown Core Sub-district of the infill incentive zone such as exemptions from MS&R setback, perimeter yards, lot coverage, parking and landscape screening requirements are included under this zone. Additionally, multifamily residential development (not currently allowed in the underlying I-1 zone) shall be permitted.

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UA Annex Sub-Area (UAS)

The intent of this zone is to allow for multifamily residential uses in areas that are within the underlying I-1 zoning, as well as to allow for parking incentives.

El Presidio Sub-Area (EPS)

El Presidio is one of Tucson's most historically significant neighborhoods and one of the country's oldest continuously inhabited places. Immediately adjacent to downtown, the neighborhood is located in the area of the 1776 Spanish fortress, Presidio San Agustin del Tucson. El Presidio is Tucson's birthplace, and as such, specific building heights, setbacks, and reductions in required parking has been mapped out to encourage density within this historic context. The development bridging downtown and El Presidio should protect the historic integrity and honor the distinctive character of this unique neighborhood.

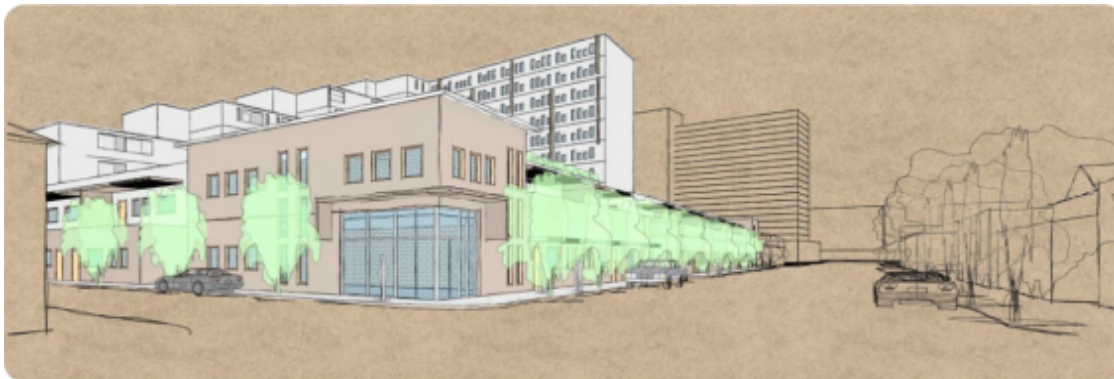
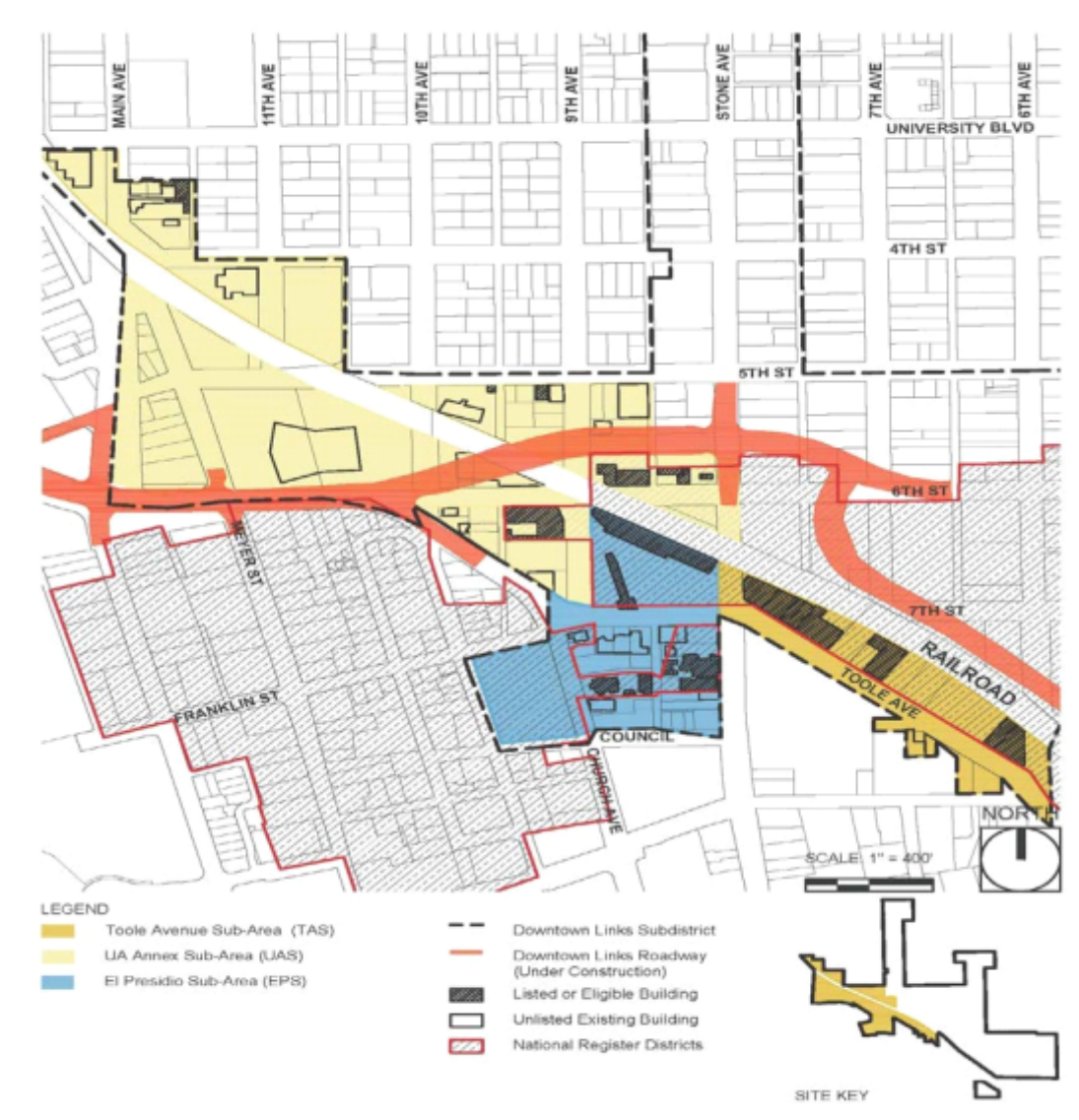


FIGURE 5.12-TAA-A: MAP OF TOOLE AVENUE AREA AND SUB-AREAS

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



A. Toole Avenue Sub-Area (TAS)

1. Standards

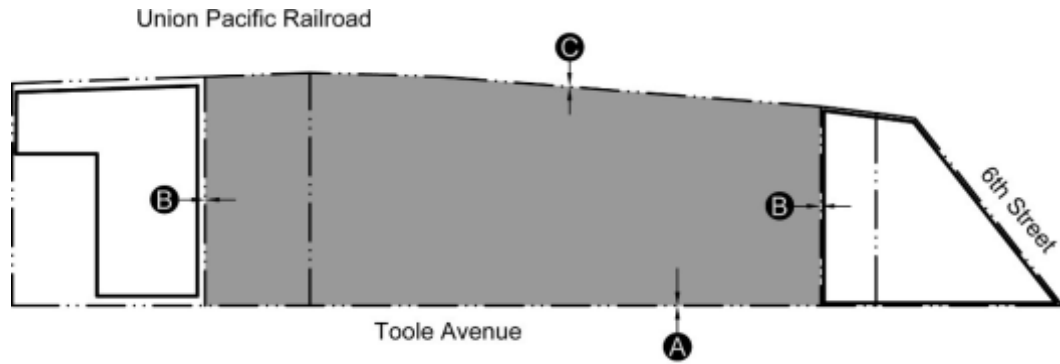
Figure 5.12-TAA-A shows the boundaries of the TAA and its Sub-Areas. Toole Avenue Sub-Area zoning regulations contained herein may be used in lieu of underlying zoning.

2. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the TAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-TAS-A and Table 5.12-TAS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-TAS-A

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Key
 - - - - Property Line ■ Allowable Building Area

TABLE 5.12-TAS-1

UA ANNEX SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build to Line (Distance from Property Line) (1)		
Street Side	0 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Side Yard	0 Ft.	B
Rear Yard	0 Ft.	C
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Build-to line is defined as the line at which construction of a building façade is to occur on a lot. A build-to line runs parallel to, and is measured from, street front property lines and is established to create an even building façade line on a street. Build-to line applies to street frontage only (both primary and secondary streets at corner lots) and only applies when new building footprint exceeds 25% of the site area. Where applicable 75% of new building frontage must be located at or near the build-to line.</p>		

3. Building Heights, Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the TAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-TAS-B and Table 5.12-TAS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-TAS-B

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

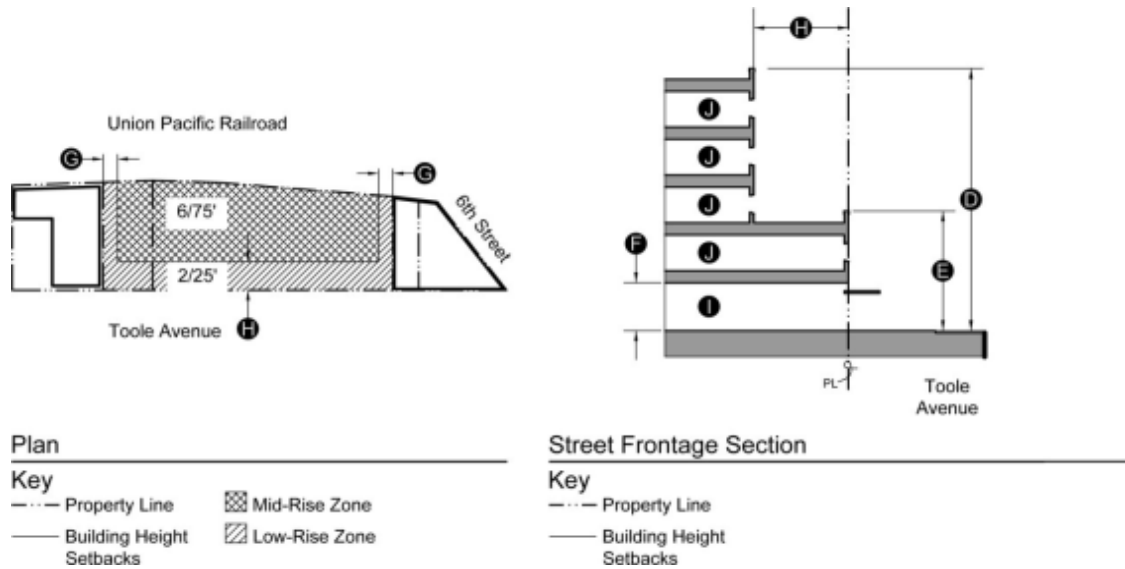


TABLE 5.12-TAS-2

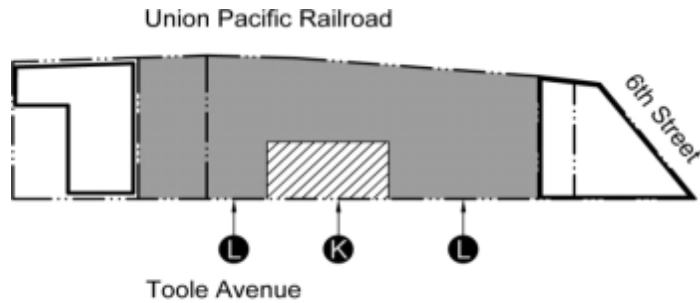
TOOLE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
Mid-Rise Building Height (1)	Six stories with a maximum height of 75 feet	D
Low-Rise Building Height	Two stories with a maximum height of 25 feet	E
First Floor Ceiling	12 Ft. Min Clearance	F
Building Height Setbacks (distance from property line)		
Mid-Rise Side Yard Setback	20 Ft.	G
Mid-Rise Street Side Setback	40 Ft.	H
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (2,3,4,5)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if the Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	I
Upper Floors	Residential or Commercial Services	J
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mid-Rise building height is 6 Stories or 75 Ft. (D) from the mid-rise setbacks (G, H). 2. All new construction shall have scale-defining architectural elements or details at first two levels. 3. A single plane of façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 Ft. without architectural relief or articulation such as windows, trellises and arcades. 4. Uses that create significant human activity at Street level such as pedestrian traffic and increases in business activity. 5. First floor level to be differentiated in form from upper levels. 		

4. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the TAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-TAS-C and Table 5.12-TAS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-TAS-C



Plan

Key

- Property Line
- Building Footprint (Example Only)
- ▨ Open Space (Example Only)

TABLE 5.12-TAS-3

TOOLE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
OPEN SPACE STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2,3,4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 20% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2,3,4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space (8)	
Pedestrian Access (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	K
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary Street (Toole Ave.)	L

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS
1. Lot Coverage is defined as the area of a site covered by buildings , storage areas and vehicular use areas.
2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable.
3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space.
4. Parking may not be counted as open space.
5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation.
6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot.
7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 20% of lot area, whichever is greater.
8. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space.

5. Building Massing Standards

Building Massing Standards in the TAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-TAS- D and Table 5.12- TAS-4. The Building Massing Standards apply to all Sub-Areas in the Toole Avenue Area.

FIGURE 5.12-TAS-D

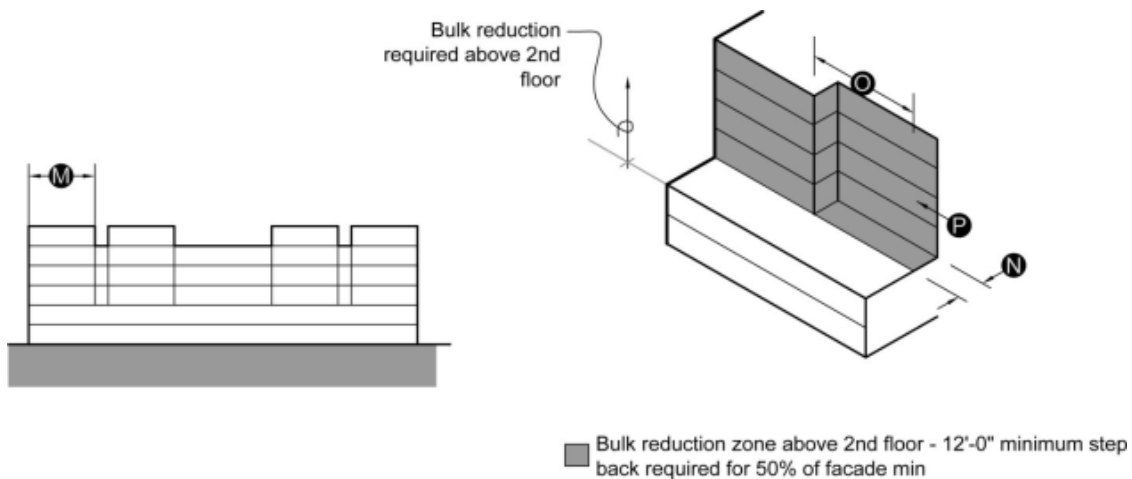


TABLE 5.12-TAS-4

TOOLE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	M
Bulk Reduction (Mid-Rise)		

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Bulk Reduction Setback (2)	12 Ft. Min.	N
Bulk Reduction Required Area	50% of Façade	O
Bulk Reduction Zone	Required Above Second Floor	P
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. And should include a variety of façades. (M)</p> <p>2. A step-back bulk reduction area a minimum of 12 ft. in depth (N) is required for at least 50% of the façade (O). No bulk reduction is required below the third floor. See figures above.</p>		

B. UA Annex Sub-Area (UAS)

1. Standards

Figure 5.12-TAA-A shows the boundaries of the TAA and its sub-areas. Zoning option standards for the UAS may be used in lieu of underlying zoning.

2. Residential Density

Within the UAS the maximum permitted residential density is 100 DU/AC, regardless of commercial use.

3. Building Placement

Building placement requirements in the UAS are as shown in Figure 5.12- UAS-A and Table 5.12-UAS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-UAS-A

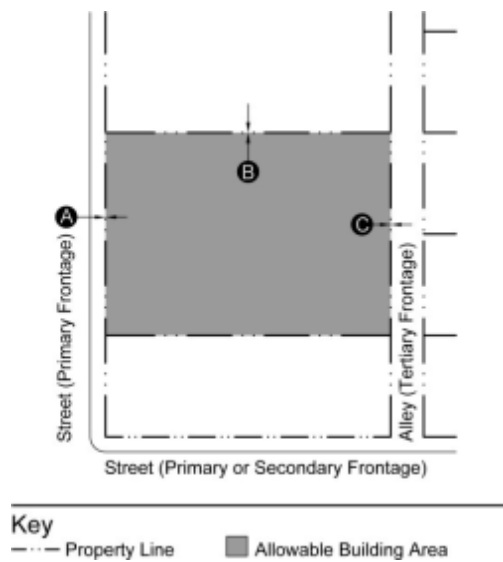


TABLE 5.12-UAS-1

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

UA ANNEX SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build to Line (Distance from Property Line) (1)		
Street Side	0 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Side Yard	0 Ft.	B
Rear Yard	0 Ft.	C
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Build-to line is defined as the line at which construction of a building façade is to occur on a lot. A build-to line runs parallel to, and is measured from, street front property lines and is established to create an even building façade line on a street . Build-to line applies to street frontage only (both primary and secondary streets at corner lots) and only applies when new building footprint exceeds 25% of the site area. Where applicable 75% of new building frontage must be located at or near the build-to line.</p>		

4. Building Height, Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the UAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-UAS-B and Table 5.12-UAS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-UAS-B

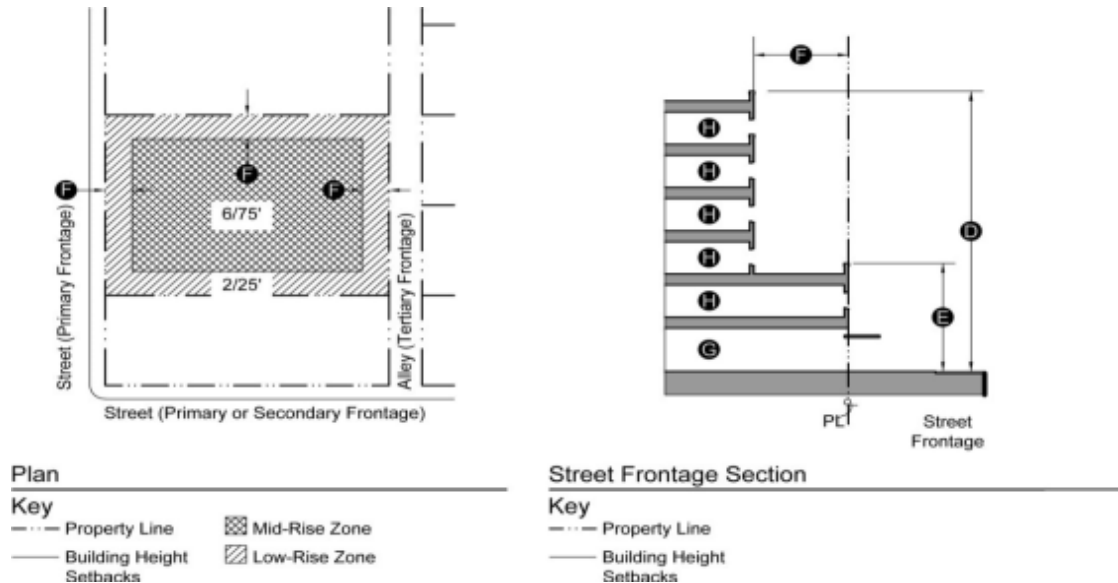


TABLE 5.12-UAS-2

UA ANNEX SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
Mid-Rise Building Height (1)	75 Ft. Maximum or 6 Stories	D

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Low-Rise Building Height	25 Ft. Maximum or 2 Stories	E
Building Height Setbacks (distance from property line)		
Mid-Rise Side Setback	20 Ft.	F
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (2,3,4,5)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses ready that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	G
Upper Floors	Residential or Commercial Services	H

5. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot Coverage, open space, and pedestrian access requirements in the UAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-UAS-C and Table 5.12-UAS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-UAS-C

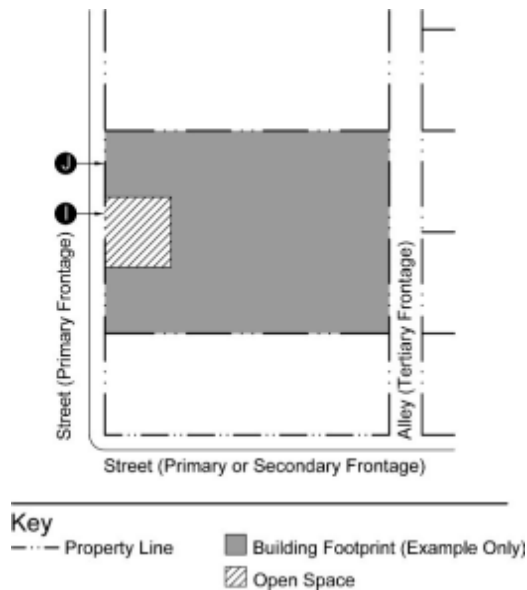


TABLE 5.12-UAS-3

UA ANNEX SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
OPEN SPACE STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2,3,4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 30% of Lot Area(5)	

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Open Space Non-Residential (2,3,4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space (7)	
Pedestrian Access		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	I
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary or Secondary Street	J
<p>SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking. 2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable 3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space. 4. Parking may not be counted as open space. 5. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 30% of lot area, whichever is greater. 6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot. 7. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space. 		

6. Building Massing

Building massing requirements in the UAS are as shown in Figure 5.12- UAS-D and Table 5.12-UAS-4.

FIGURE 5.12-UAS-D

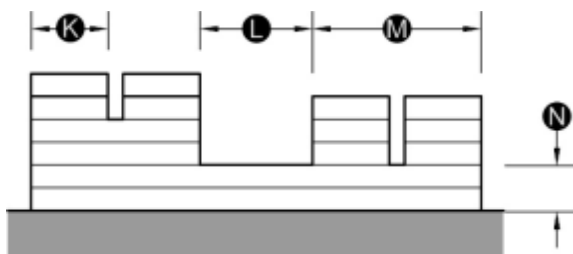


TABLE 5.12-UAS-4

UA ANNEX SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	K

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

View Corridors		
Low-Rise Façade (2)	25% of Façade Min.	L
Mid-Rise Façade (3)	150 Linear Ft. Unbroken Max.	M
Low-Rise Height	25 Ft. Max or 2 Stories	N
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. To preserve view corridors, a minimum of 25% of the façade must be set aside as mid-rise, and the mid-rise façade may not exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. in height. On corner lots this requirement applies to one street only.</p> <p>3. Mid-rise façades of more than 150 continuous linear feet must be broken by a mid-rise façade not to exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. in height as shown in the Figure above.</p>		

C. El Presidio Sub-Area (EPS)

1. Standards

Figure 5.12-TAA-A shows the boundaries of the TAA and its sub-areas. In the El Presidio Sub-Area the zoning regulations contained herein may be used in lieu of underlying Zoning.

2. Residential Density

Within the El Presidio Sub-Area the maximum permitted residential density is 100 DU/AC regardless of commercial use.

3. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the EPS are as shown in Figure 5.12-EPS-A and Table 5.12-EPS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-EPS-A

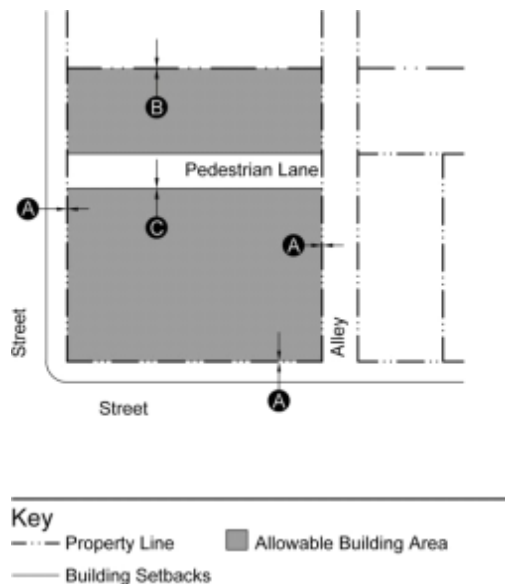


TABLE 5.12-EPS-1

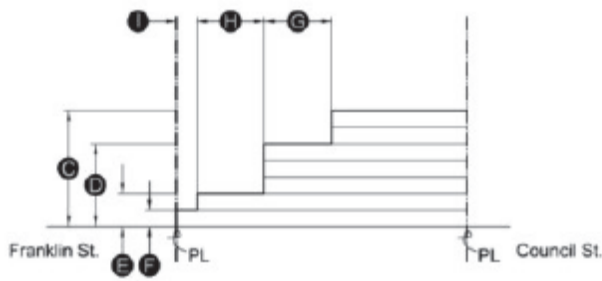
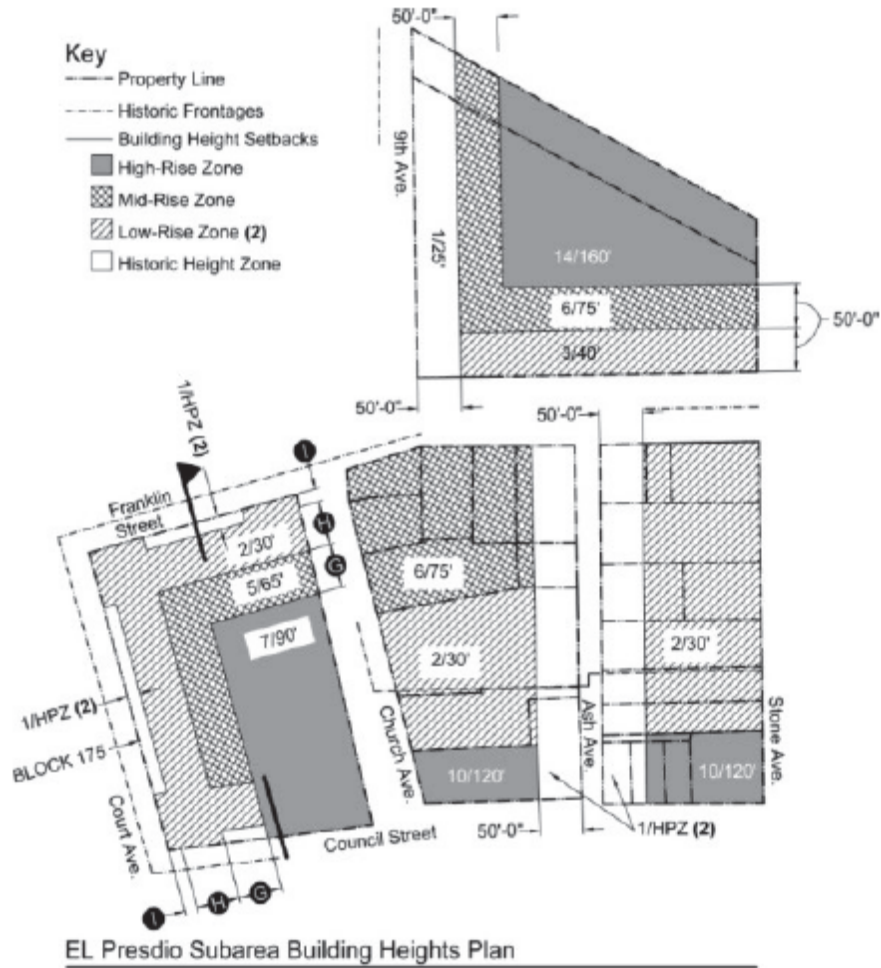
EL PRESIDIO SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build to Line (Distance from Property Line)		
Street or Alley (1,2)	0 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Side Yard	0 Ft.	B
Pedestrian Lane	0 Ft.	C
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Build-to line is defined as the line at which construction of a building façade is to occur on a lot. A build-to line runs parallel to, and is measured from, street front property lines and is established to create an even building façade line on a street . Build-to line applies to street frontage only (both primary and secondary streets at corner lots) and only applies when new building footprint exceeds 25% of the site area. Where applicable 75% of new building frontage must be located at or near the build-to line.</p> <p>2. Projects that develop 50% or more of mid-block land shall set aside a pedestrian lane for pedestrian access.</p>		

4. Building Heights, Floor Uses

Building heights and floor use requirements in the EPS are as shown in Figure 5.12-EPS-B and Table 5.12-EPS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-EPS-B

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



North/South Section thru Block 175

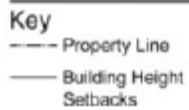


TABLE 5.12-EPS-2

EL PRESIDIO SUB-AREA STANDARDS
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Maximum Building Height (1)	160 Ft. Max or 14 stories	
High-Rise Zone	90 Ft. -160 Ft.	
Mid-Rise Zone	50 Ft. - 90 Ft.	
Low-Rise Zone	30 Ft. -50 Ft.	
Historic Zone Height Setback (2)	Consistent with Historic District	
Block 175 Building Heights (3)		
Floors 6-7	90 Ft. Max or 7	C
Floors 3-5	65 Ft. Max or 5	D
Floor 2	30 Ft. Max or 2	E
Floor 1	Consistent with ct *	F
Block 175 Building Height Setbacks (3)		
Mid-Rise Setback	50 Ft.	G
Low-Rise Setback	50 Ft.	H
Historic Zone Height Setback	15 Ft.	I
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (4,5)	Commercial Services or Retail	
Upper Floors	Residential Services	
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Maximum Building Height is 160 Ft. or 14 stories (C). See Figure 5.12-EPS-B for additional height limits and setbacks.</p> <p>2. Building heights are limited to one story. Further, heights of principal structures shall not exceed height of other principal structures within the development zone and height of accessory structures shall not exceed the height of other accessory structures within the development zone . See Figure 5.12- EPS-B for intent. Development Zone shall be as defined by the UDC within the context of HPZ overlay zone design standards.</p> <p>3. For Block 175, see Figure 5.12-EPS-B for specific building height and setback requirements.</p> <p>4. Ground floor level to be consistent in design with HPZ Standards.</p> <p>5. Street -level activity is encouraged by *</p>		

* Editor's Note: So in Ord. 11246.

5. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the EPS are as shown in Figure 5.12-EPS-C and Table 5.12.2-EPS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-EPS-C

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



TABLE 5.12-EPS-3

EL PRESIDIO SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
OPEN SPACE STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2,3,4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 30% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2,3,4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space (9)	
Pedestrian Access (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	L
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary Street	M
Pedestrian Lanes (8)		
Minimum Width	30 Ft.	N

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking.
2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable.
3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space.
4. Parking may not be counted as open space.
5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation.
6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot.
7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 30% of lot area, whichever is greater.
8. For projects that propose to develop the entire block : two pedestrian lanes are required at ground level only; one running roughly north/south through the site, and the other running roughly east/west.
9. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space.

6. Massing Standards Building

Building massing requirements in the EPS are as shown in Figure 5.12- EPS-D and Table 5.12-EPS-4.

FIGURE 5.12-EPS-D

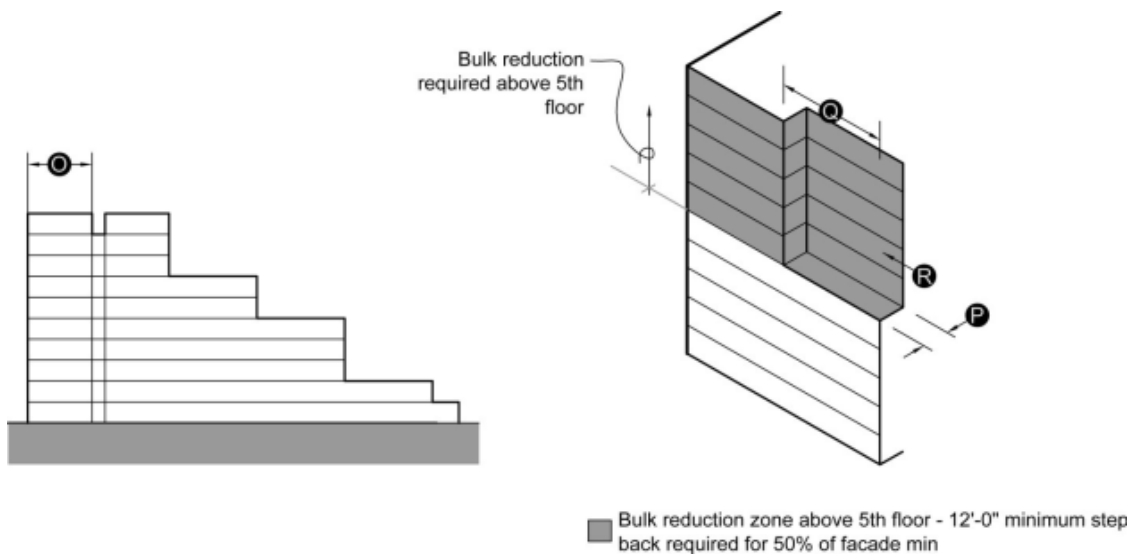


TABLE 5.12-EPS-4

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

EL PRESIDIO SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	O
O Bulk Reduction (High Rise)		
Bulk Reduction Setback (2)	12 Ft. Min.	P
Bulk Reduction Required Area	50% of Façade	Q
Bulk Reduction Zone	Required Above Fifth Floor	R
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. (O) and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. A step-back bulk reduction area a minimum of 12 ft. in depth(P) is required for at least 50% of the façade (Q). No bulk reduction is required below the sixth floor. See figures above.</p>		

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.13 WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA (WTA)

The intent of this zone is to allow for and encourage high density infill of the warehouse triangle with transit oriented and mixed use development . The DL-AZ will go further than the infill incentive district in granting development flexibility and incentives in many areas. Multifamily residential uses will be allowed in current I-1 zone , allowable building heights and densities are increased and developments will be exempt from non-residential parking requirements.



FIGURE 5.12-WTA-A: MAP OF WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA



A. Warehouse Triangle Area (WTA) Standards

1. Standards

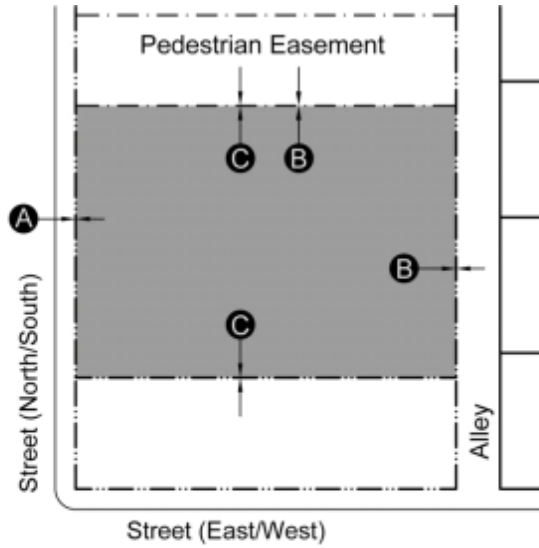
Figure 5.12-WTA-A shows the boundaries of the Warehouse Triangle Area. Warehouse Triangle Area optional standards apply.

2. Building Placement

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Building placement requirements in the WTA are as shown in Figure 5.12-WTA-B and Table 5.12-WTA-1.

FIGURE 5.12-WTA-B



Key

- Property Line
- — — Build-to Line
- Allowable Building Area

TABLE 5.12-WTA-1

WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build-to-Line (Distance from Property Line) (1)		
Street Side	0 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Alley Side	0 Ft.	B
Pedestrian Easement	0 Ft.	B
Side Yard	0 Ft.	C

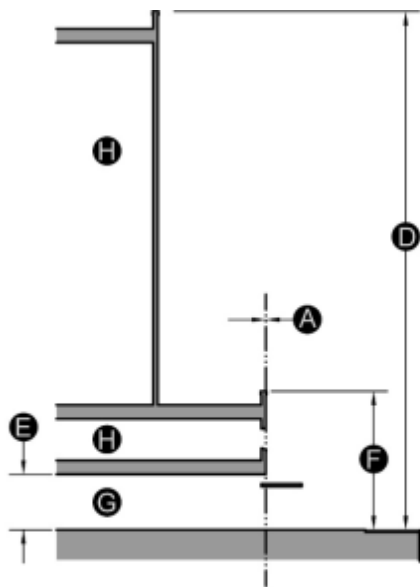
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. Build-to line is defined as the line at which construction of a building façade is to occur on a lot. A build-to line runs parallel to, and is measured from, street front property lines and is established to create an even building façade line on a street . Build-to line applies to street frontage only (both primary and secondary streets at corner lots) and only applies when new building footprint exceeds 25% of the site area. Where applicable 75% of new building frontage must be located at or near the build-to line.
2. Street side façades must be built to Build-to-Line at a minimum of 75% of the new building frontage, to help define an urban street frontage, where build-to requirements apply.
3. Alley and pedestrian easement side façades must be built to Build-to-Line at a minimum of 50% of new building frontage, to help define an urban edge to property.

3 Building Heights , Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the WTA are as shown in Figure 5.12-WTA-C and 5.12-WTA-2.

FIGURE 5.12-WTA-C



Key
 - - - - Property Line

TABLE 5.12-WTA-2

WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
Maximum Building Height (1)	160 Ft. Max or 14 Stories	D
First Floor Ceiling	12 Ft. Min Clearance	E

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Minimum Building Height at Build-to-Line	25 Ft.	F
Building Height Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
High-Rise Building Street Frontage (2)	20 Ft.	G
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (2, 3, 4, 5)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses ready that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	H
Upper Floors	Residential or Commercial Services	I
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. No more than 14 stories and no more than 160 Ft. 2. The High-Rise Setback is 20 Ft. (G) at the Street Frontage above two stories.		

4. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the WTA are as shown in Figure 5.12-WTA-D and Table 5.12-WTA-3.

FIGURE 5.12-WTA-D

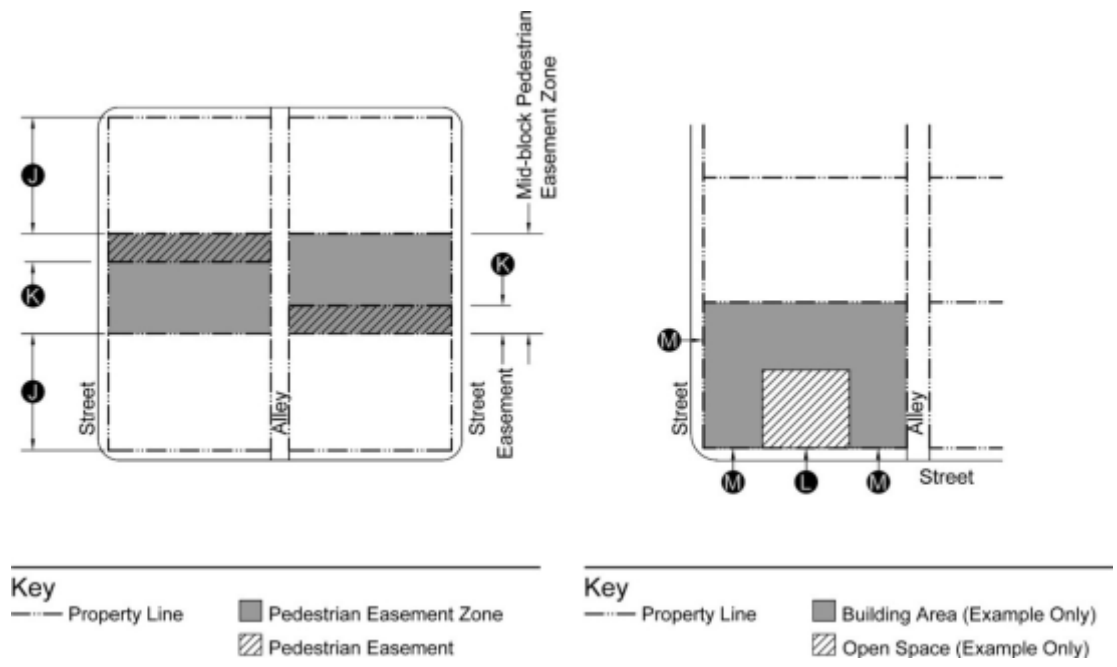


TABLE 5.12-WTA-3

WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA STANDARDS
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Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

LOT COVERAGE, OPEN SPACE AND PEDESTRIAN STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2, 3, 4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 30% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2, 3, 4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space(9)	
Pedestrian Easement (8)		
Maximum Distance from Street	125 Ft.	J
Minimum Width	30 Ft.	K
Pedestrian Access (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Public Open Space	Required	L
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary Street	M
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking. 2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable. 3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space. 4. Parking may not be counted as open space. 5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation. 6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot. 7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 30% of lot area, whichever is greater. 8. Projects that develop 50% or more of the land area within the Mid-block Pedestrian Easement Zone (see map/plan above) shall set aside and develop a mid-block pedestrian passage and easement. 9. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space. 		

5. Building Massing Standards

Building Massing Standards in the WTA are as shown in Figure 5.12- WTA-E and Table 5.12- WTA-4.

FIGURE 5.12-WTA-E

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

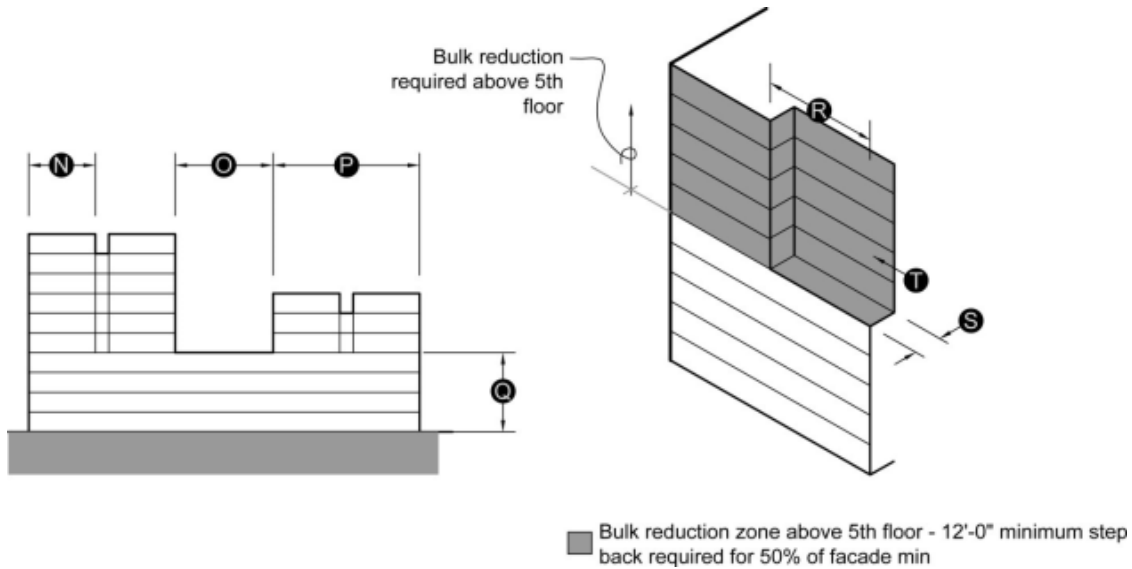


TABLE 5.12-WTA-4

WAREHOUSE TRIANGLE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	N
View Corridors		
Mid-Rise Façade (2)	25% of Façade Min.	O
High-Rise Façade (3)	150 Linear Ft. Unbroken Max.	P
Mid-Rise Height	50 Ft. Max or 4 Stories	Q
Build Reduction (High Rise)		
Bulk Reduction Setback (4)	12 Ft. Min.	S
Bulk Reduction Required Area	50% of Façade Min.	R
Bulk Reduction Zone	Required above 4th Floor	T
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. (N) and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. To preserve view corridors, a minimum of 25% of the façade must be set aside as mid-rise (O), and the mid-rise façade may not exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft.(Q) in height. On corner lots this requirement applies to one street only.</p> <p>3. High-rise façades of more than 150 continuous linear feet(P) must be broken by a mid-rise façade (O) not to exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft.(Q) in height as shown in Figure above.</p> <p>4. A step-back bulk reduction area a minimum of 12 ft. in depth(S) is required for at least 50% of the façade (R). Bulk reduction is required above the fifth floor(T). See figures above.</p>		

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.14 FOURTH AVENUE AREA (FAA)

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

The intent of this zone is to take advantage of the Modern Street Car projects and promote medium-density infill transit-oriented development. Development incentives for this zone include greater allowable density and zero parking requirements for commercial uses.

Fourth Avenue Historic Sub-Area (FHS)

The intent of this zone is to provide parking relief for developments within the HPZ neighborhood portion of Fourth Avenue, but to otherwise preserve and maintain the historic character of the area.

Fourth Avenue Sub-Area (FAS)

The intent of this zone is to take advantage of the Modern Street Car project and promote medium-density infill transit-oriented developments. Development incentives for this zone include greater allowable density and zero parking requirements for commercial uses.



FIGURE 5.12-FAA-A: MAP OF FOURTH AVENUE AREA AND SUB-AREAS

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



A. Fourth Avenue Historic Sub-Area (FHS)

1. Standards

The Fourth Avenue Historic Sub-Area includes portions of the West University Historic Preservation Zone that overlap with the Downtown Links Sub-District. Properties within these areas may be developed using the optional parking standards contained herein, but remain subject to all other underlying zone requirements including, but not limited to, historic preservation zone design standards and design review.

B. Fourth Avenue Sub-Area (FAS)

1. Standards

Figure 5.12.FAA-A depicts the boundaries of the Fourth Avenue Sub- Areas in which the Fourth Avenue Sub-Area optional zoning standards apply.

2. Building Placement

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Building placement and setback requirements in the FAS are shown in Figure 5.12-FAS-A and Table 5.12-FAS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-FAS-A

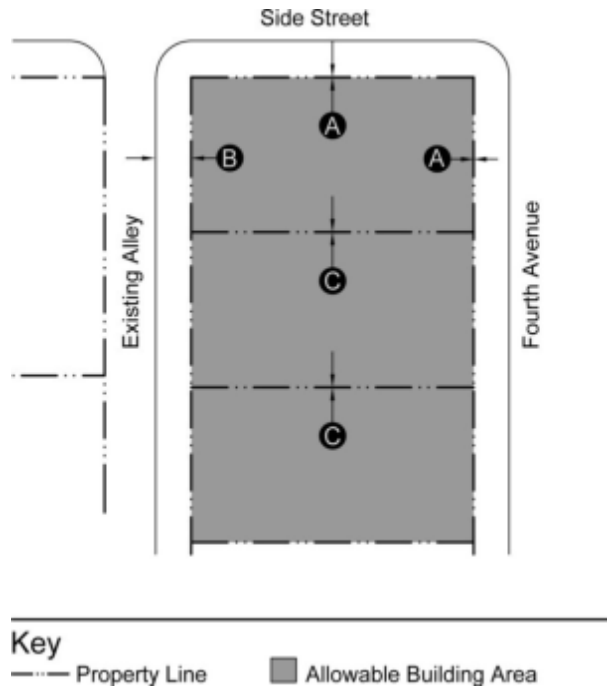


TABLE 5.12-FAS-1

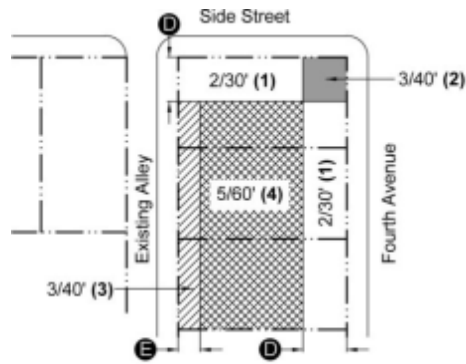
FOURTH AVENUE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Street Side (1)	0 Ft. or Prevailing	A
Alley Side	0 Ft.	B
Side Yard	0 Ft.	C
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Street side setbacks to be 0 Ft. or consistent with prevailing historic setback.		

3. Building Heights, Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the FAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-FAS-B and Table 5.12-FAS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-FAS-B

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



Plan

Key

--- Property Line	□ Street Frontage Zone
— Building Height	■ Intersection Zone
— Setbacks	▨ Alley Frontage Zone
	▩ Mid-Rise Zone

TABLE 5.12-FAS-2

FOURTH AVENUE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
Street Frontage Building Height (1)	30 Ft. Max or 2 Stories	
Building Height at Intersection (2)	40 Ft. Max or 3 Stories	
Mid-rise Building Height (3)	60 Ft. Max or 5 Stories	
Building Height Setbacks (distance from property line)		
Mid-Rise Side Setback	50 Ft.	D
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (4, 5, 6, 7)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses ready that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	
Upper Floors	Residential or Commercial Services	

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

<p>SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Building heights along the street frontage are restricted to two stories or 30 Ft. to respect the scale of established or historic structures, or both. 2. Building heights at intersection may extend three stories or 40 Ft. within a 50 Ft. x 50 Ft. area at an intersection. 3. Building heights may extend to five stories or 60 Ft. at the rear of properties beginning at 50 Ft. (E) from the property line. 4. All new construction shall have scale-defining architectural elements or details at first two levels. 5. A single plane of façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 Ft. without architectural relief or articulation such as windows, trellises and arcades. 6. Street -level activity is achieved by providing a mix of commercial, retail, office and residential uses at street level. 7. First floor level to be differentiated in form from upper levels.

4. Lot coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the FAS are as shown in Table 5.12-FAS-3.

TABLE 5.12-FAS-3

FOURTH AVENUE AREA STANDARDS		
OPEN SPACE STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2, 3, 4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 30% of Lot Area (5)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2, 3, 4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space (6)	
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking. 2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable. 3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space. 4. Parking may not be counted as open space. 5. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 30% of lot area, whichever is greater. 6. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space. 		

5. Building Massing Standards

Building massing standards in the FAS are as shown in Figure 5.12-FAS- D and Table 5.12- FAS-4.

FIGURE 5.12-FAS-D

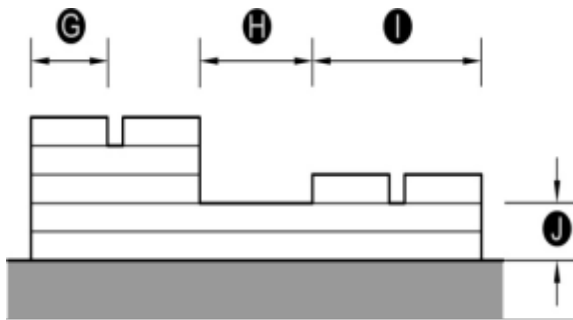


TABLE 5.12-FAS-4

FOURTH AVENUE AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	G
View Corridors		
Mid-Rise Façade (2)	25% of Façade Min.	H
High-Rise Façade (3)	150 Linear Ft. Unbroken Max.	I
Mid-Rise Height	50 Ft. Max or 4 Stories	J
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide (G) must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. To preserve view corridors, a minimum of 25% of the façade must be set aside as mid-rise (H), and the mid-rise façade may not exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. in height(J). On corner lots this requirement applies to one street only.</p> <p>3. High-rise façades of more than 150 continuous linear feet(I) must be broken by a mid-rise façade not to exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. (J) in height as shown in the Figure above.</p>		

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.15 IRON HORSE AREA (IHA)

Armory Park and Iron Horse, Mixed Use Sub-Area (AIHMS)

The intent of this zone is to promote transit oriented development that is compatible with the historic scale of Iron Horse Neighborhood, especially along Ninth Street. The most significant development incentive is an exemption from parking requirements.

Iron Horse, Low Density Residential Sub-Area (IH-RS)

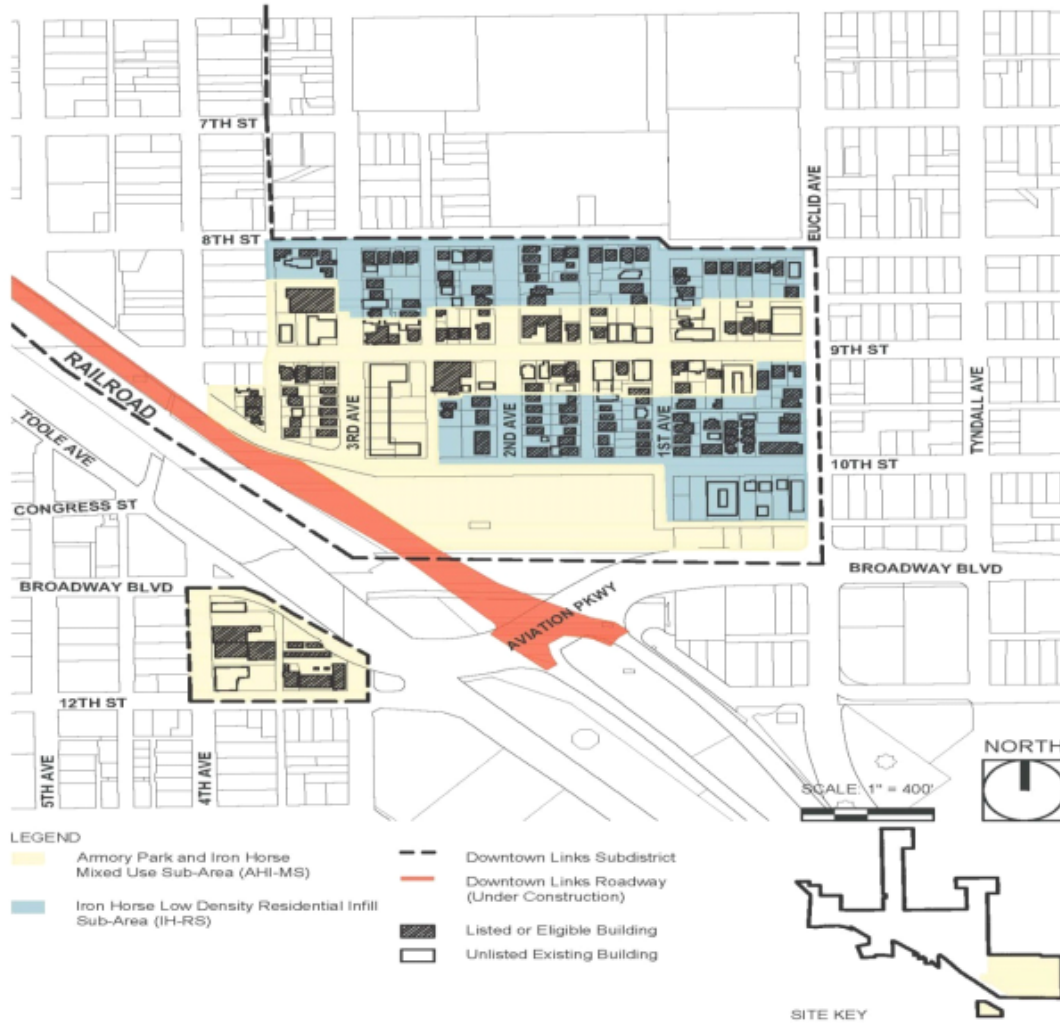
Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

The intent of this zone is to promote single-family infill development at somewhat higher density while protecting the historic character and privacy of existing properties. Key development incentives include reduction in minimum lot size and reduction in parking.



FIGURE 5.12-IHA-A: MAP OF IRON HORSE AREA AND SUB-AREAS

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



A. Armory Park and Iron Horse, Mixed Use Sub-Area (AIH-MS)

1. Standards

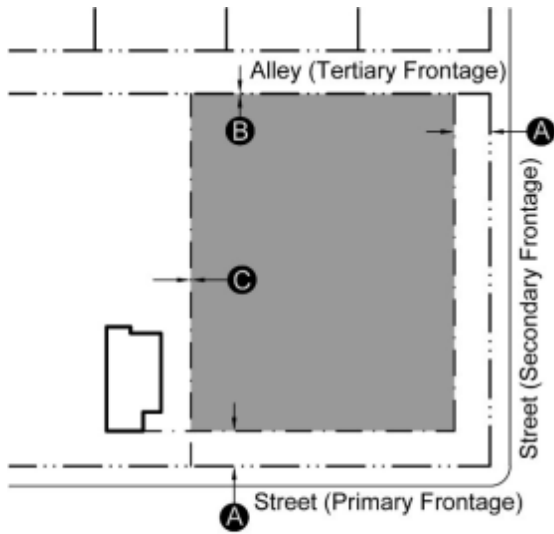
Armory Park and Iron Horse Mixed Use Sub- Area zoning option standards apply.

2. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the AIH-MS are as shown in Figure 5.12- AIH-MS-A and Table 5.12-AIH-MS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-AIH-MS-A

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



Key

----- Property Line	■ Allowable Building Area
- - - - - Setback Line	

TABLE 5.12-AIH-MS-1

ARMORY PARK AND IRON HORSE MIXED USE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Street Side (1)	Consistent with Prevailing	A
Alley Side	0 Ft.	B
Side Yard	0 Ft.	C
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Street side setbacks to be consistent with prevailing setback at other than multi-unit residential.		

3. Building Heights, Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the AIH-MS are as shown in Figure 5.12-AIH-MS- B and Table 5.12-AIH-MS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-AIH-MS-B

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

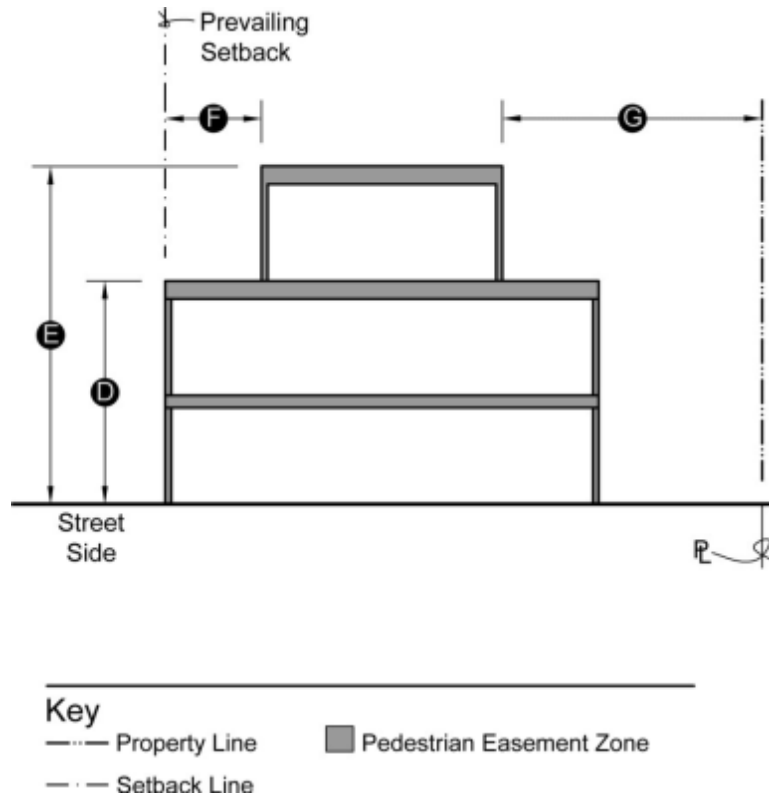


TABLE 5.12-AIH-MS-2

ARMORY PARK AND IRON HORSE MIXED USE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
Street Frontage building height (1)	25 Ft. Max or 2 Stories	D
Mid-rise building height (2)	40 Ft. Max or 3 Stories	E
Building Height Setbacks (distance from property line)		
Mid-Rise Setback (2)	12 Ft.	F
Setback from Adjacent Residential Use (3)	25 Ft.	G
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (4, 5, 6, 7)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	
Upper Floors	Residential or Commercial Services	

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. Building heights along the street frontage are restricted to two stories or 25 Ft. or 2 stories (D) to respect the scale of established or historic structures, or both.
2. Mid-rise building height may extend to 40 Ft. or 3 stories (D) and the mid-rise setback is 12 Ft. (F) from the street frontage façade of the building.
3. At adjacent residential building frontage, building must setback 25 ft. (G) at the mid-rise building height.
4. All new construction shall have scale-defining architectural elements or details at first two levels.
5. A single plane of façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 Ft. without architectural relief or articulation such as windows, trellises and arcades.
6. Uses that create significant human activity at Street level such as pedestrian traffic and increases in business activity is achieved by providing a mix of commercial, retail, office and residential uses at street level.
7. First floor level to be differentiated in form from upper levels.

4. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access standard in the AIH-MS are as shown in Figure 5.12-AIH-MS-C and Table 5.12-AIHMS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-AIH-MS-C

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

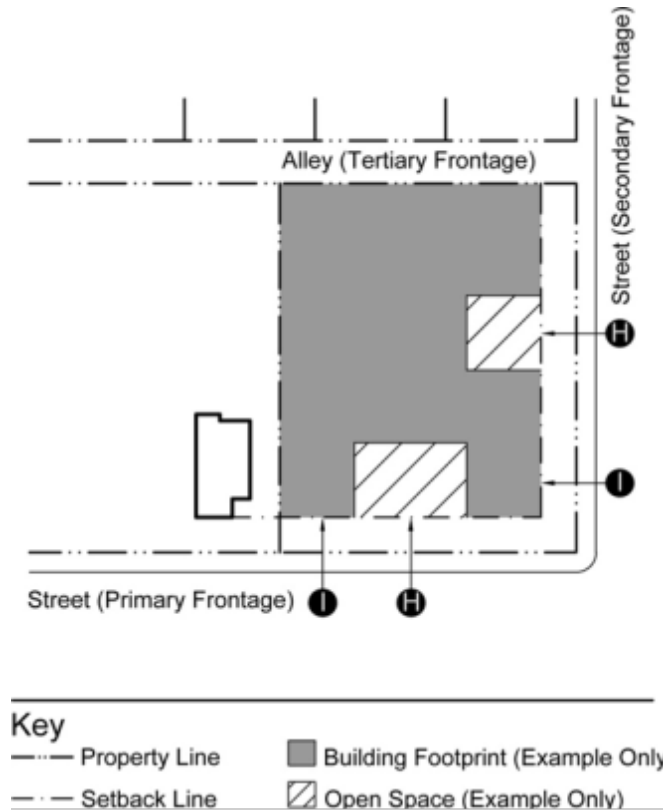


TABLE 5.12-AIH-MS-3

ARMORY PARK AND IRON HORSE MIXED USE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
OPEN SPACE STANDARDS		
Lot Coverage		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
Open Space		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2, 3, 4)	30 Sq. Ft./DU or 20% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2, 3, 4)	Min. of 30% of Lot Area	
Minimum Landscape Area	50% of Open Space (8)	
Pedestrian Access (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	H
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary or Secondary Street	I

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

- SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**
1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings, drives, or parking.
 2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable.
 3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space.
 4. Parking may not be counted as open space.
 5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation.
 6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot.
 7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 20% of lot area, whichever is greater.
 8. Minimum landscape requirement applies only to common area open space.

B. Iron Horse, Low Density Residential Sub-Area (IHRS)

1. Standards

Iron Horse, Low Density Residential Infill Sub-Area zoning option standards apply.

2. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the IH-RS are as shown in Figure 5.12-IHRS- A and Table 5.12-IH-RS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-IH-RS-A

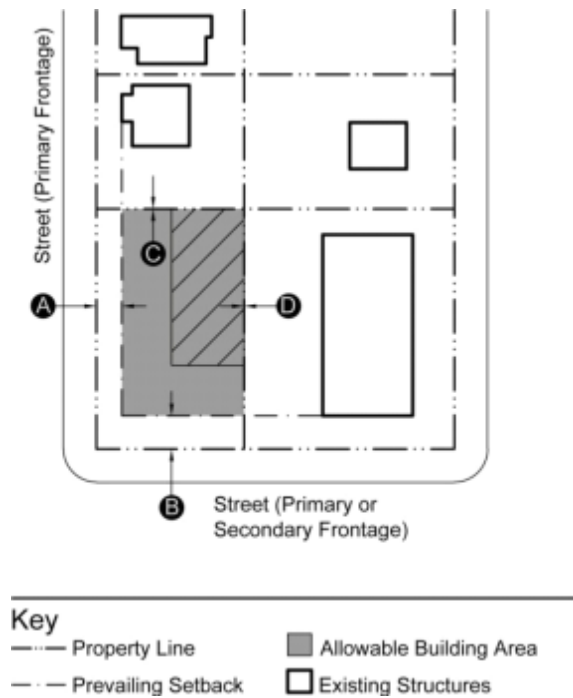


TABLE 5.12-IH-RS-1

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

IRON HORSE, LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Primary Street (1)	Match Prevailing	A
Secondary Street	10' or Prevailing (2)	B
Side Yard	0 Ft.	C
Rear Yard	0 Ft.	D
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Primary street is the street frontage to which dwellings face or are oriented.		
2. Match prevailing setbacks of structures adjacent to parcel on same side of street of same block. If no prevailing setbacks are established required setback is 10 feet.		

3. Building Heights and Massing Standards

Building height and floor use requirements in the IH-RS are as shown in Figure 5.12-IH-RS-B and Table 5.12-IH-RS-2.

FIGURE 5.12-IH-RS-B

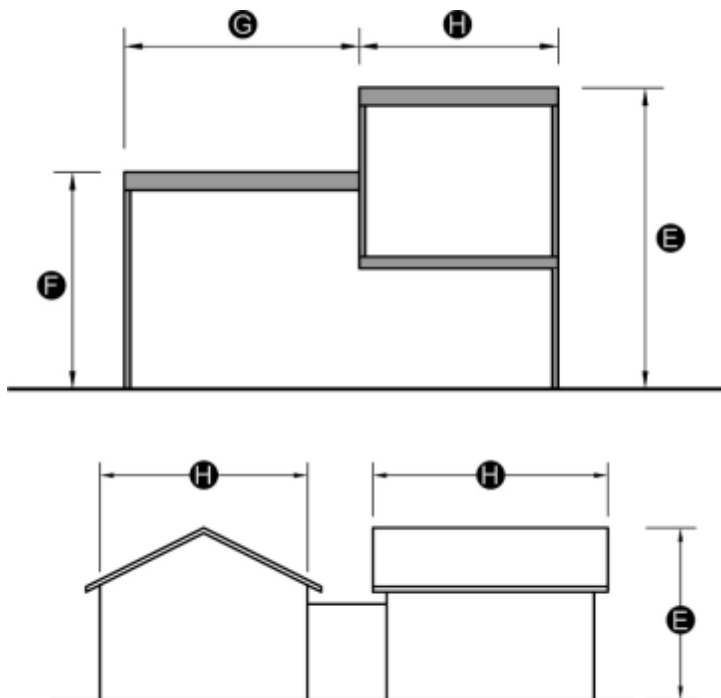


TABLE 5.12-IH-RS-2

IRON HORSE, LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL SUB-AREA STANDARDS	
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS	

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Maximum Building Height	32 Ft.	E
Street Frontage Max	20 Ft.	F
Building Height Setbacks (distance from property line)		
Second Story Setback	20 Ft.	G
BUILDING MASSING		
Maximum Unbroken Building Mass (1)	30 Ft.	H
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Any building over 30' wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 30 Ft., and should include a variety of building heights and roof forms.		

4. Lot Coverage and Lot Size

Lot coverage and lot size requirements in the IH-RS are as shown in Table 5.12-IH-RS-3.

TABLE 5.12-IH-RS-3

IRON HORSE, LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
LOT COVERAGE		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)		
LOT SIZE		
Minimum Lot Size	2,500 Sq. Ft.	
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking.		

5. Privacy Standards

Required privacy standards in the IH low density residential sub-area are as shown in Figure 5.12-IH-RS-C and Table 5.12-IH-RS-4.

FIGURE 5.12-IH-RS-C

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

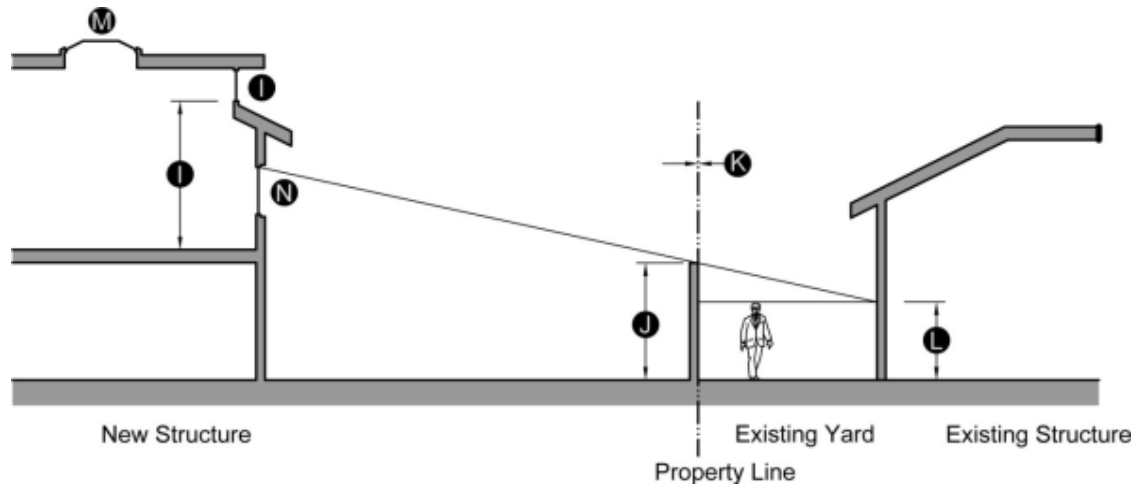


TABLE 5.12-IH-RS-4

IRON HORSE, LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
PRIVACY STANDARDS		
Clerestory Height	9 Ft. Min. above 2nd Floor	I
Site Wall Height	9 Ft. Max. (1)	J
Site Wall Setback	0 Ft. Min. (1)	K
Privacy Zone	6 Ft. (2)	L
ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF DAYLIGHT		
Clerestory above 9 Ft.		I
Skylights		M
Translucent Fixed Glass		N
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Brick or stuccoed concrete masonry site walls may extend above Unified Development Code requirements to 9 Ft. but may require structural engineering and building permits.</p> <p>2. Privacy shall be afforded to existing developed adjacent rear or side yards by limiting second story fenestration. The lower 6' of adjacent yards shall not be visible from new second floor windows.</p>		

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

5.12.16 STONE/SIXTH AREA (SSA)

Stone Sub-Area (STS)

The intent of the Stone Sub-Area is to promote higher density mixed use development along the Stone corridors. Benefits of this development include reduction in parking, zero lot lines and increases in allowable building heights .

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



Sixth Street Sub-Area (SSS)

The intent of the Sixth Street Sub-Area is to promote higher density mixed use development along the 6th Avenue, 6th Street and 7th Avenue corridors. Benefits of this development include reduction in parking, zero lot lines and increases in allowable building density.



FIGURE 5.12-SSA-A: MAP OF STONE/SIXTH AREA

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



A. Stone Sub-Area (STS)

1. Standards

Figure 5.12-SSA-A captures the boundaries of the SSA and the boundaries of the Stone Avenue Sub-Area. Stone Sub-Area zoning option standards apply.

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

2. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the STS are as shown in Figure 5.12-ST5-A and Table 5.12-ST5-1.

FIGURE 5.12-ST5-A

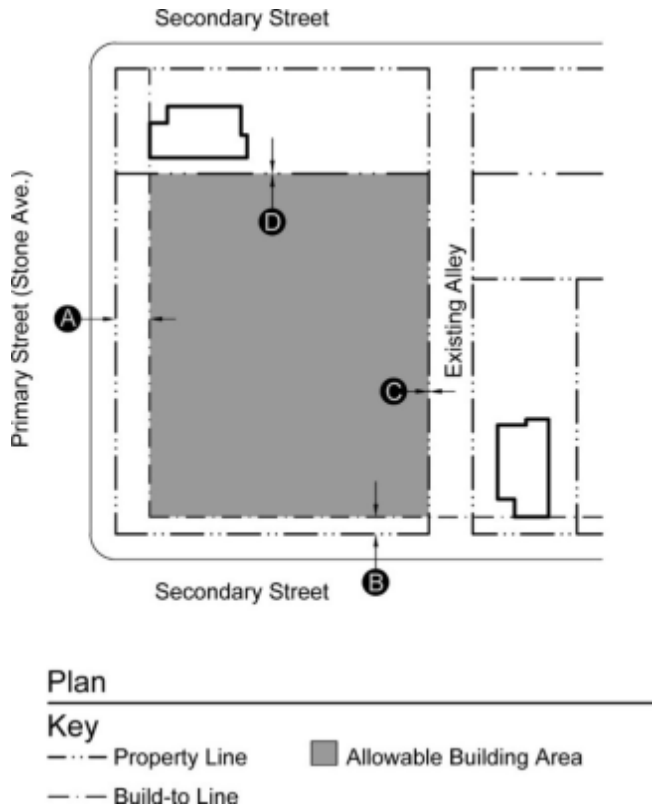


TABLE 5.12-ST5-1

STONE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build to Line (Distance from Property Line) (1)		
Primary Street (Stone Ave.) (2)	0-20 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Secondary Street	Consistent with Prevailing	B
Alley Side	0 Ft.	C
Side Yard	0 Ft.	D

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. Build-to requirements apply to: 1) Stone Ave. frontage when building footprint exceeds 25% of lot area.
2. Street side façades must be built to Build to Line at a minimum of 75% of the new building frontage, to help define an urban street frontage, where build-to requirements apply. Build to Line can range from 0-20' to be consistent with prevailing.

3. Building Heights and Floor

Use Building height and floor use requirements in the STS are as shown in Figure 5.12-STS-B, Figure 5.12-STS-C and Table 5.12-STS-2. Note: Figure 5.12-STS-B applies typically throughout the Stone Avenue Sub-Area except at specific blocks shown on Figure 5.12- STS-C.

FIGURE 5.12-STS-B

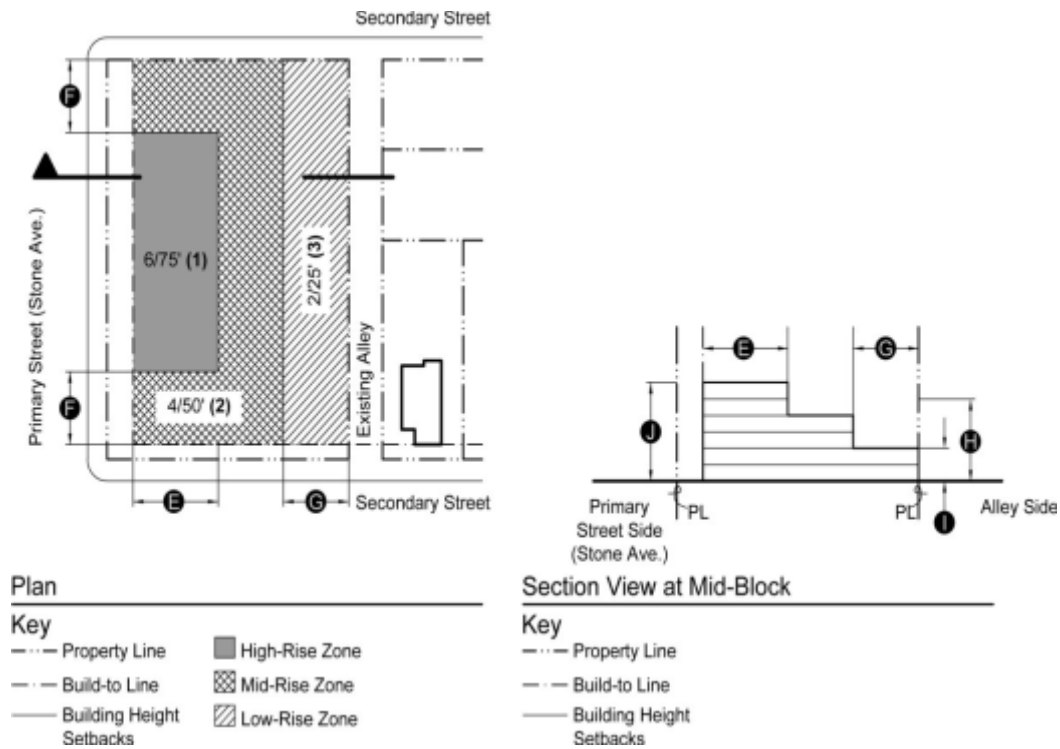
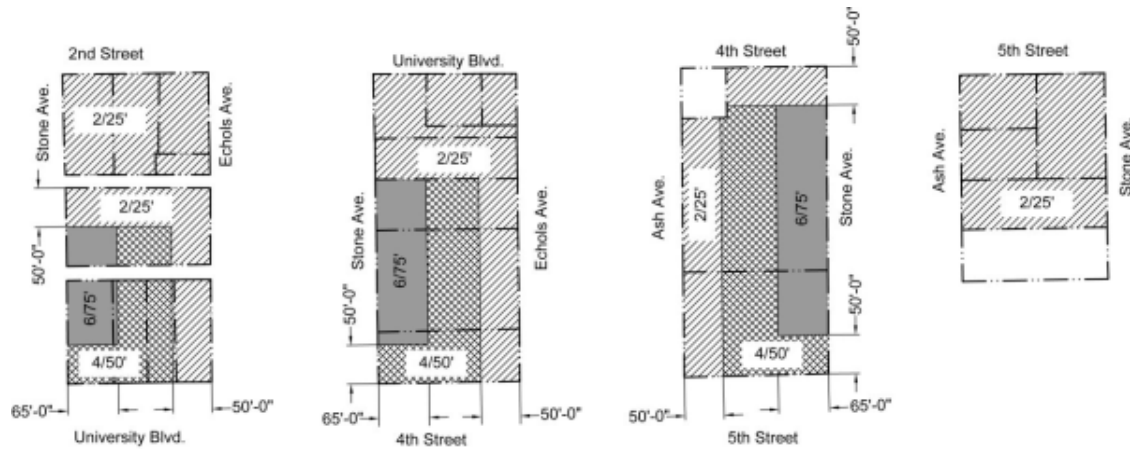


FIGURE 5.12-STS-C

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District



Plan Details

Key

- Property Line
- Building Height
- Setbacks
- High-Rise Zone
- ▨ Mid-Rise Zone
- ▩ Low-Rise Zone

TABLE 5.12-ST5-2

STONE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
High-Rise Building Height (1)	6 Stories with a Max of 75 Ft.	J, E
High-Rise Setback from corner	65 Ft.	E
Mid-Rise Building Height (2)	4 stories with a Max. of 50 Ft.	H, F
Mid-Rise Setback from corner	50 Ft.	F
Low-Rise Building Height (3)	25 Ft. Max or 2 Stories	I, G
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (4, 5, 6, 7)	Commercial Services or Retail Trade Uses that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	
Upper Floors	Residential or Services are preferred	

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

1. High-rise building height is 6 stories or a maximum of 75 ft. **(H)** for the remainder of the block .
2. Mid-rise building height is 4 stories with a maximum of 50 Ft. **(I)** for the first 50' **(H)** from 6th Street and 6th or 7th Ave. **(F)**.
3. Low-rise building height is 25 Ft. or 2 stories **(J)** for the first 50 Ft. **(I)** from the setback **(G)**.
4. All new construction shall have scale-defining architectural elements or details at first two levels.
5. A single plane of façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 Ft. without architectural relief or articulation such as windows, trellises and arcades.
6. Street -Level Activity is achieved by providing a mix of commercial, retail, office and residential uses at street level.

4. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the STS are as shown in Figure 5.12-STS-D and Table 5.12-STS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-STS-D

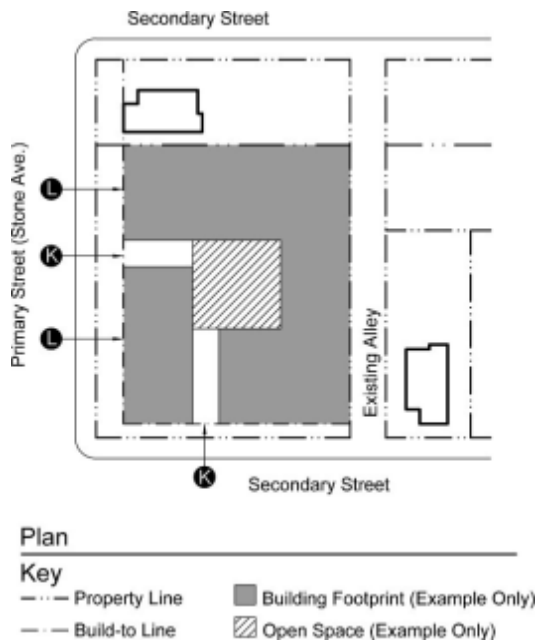


TABLE 5.12-STS-3

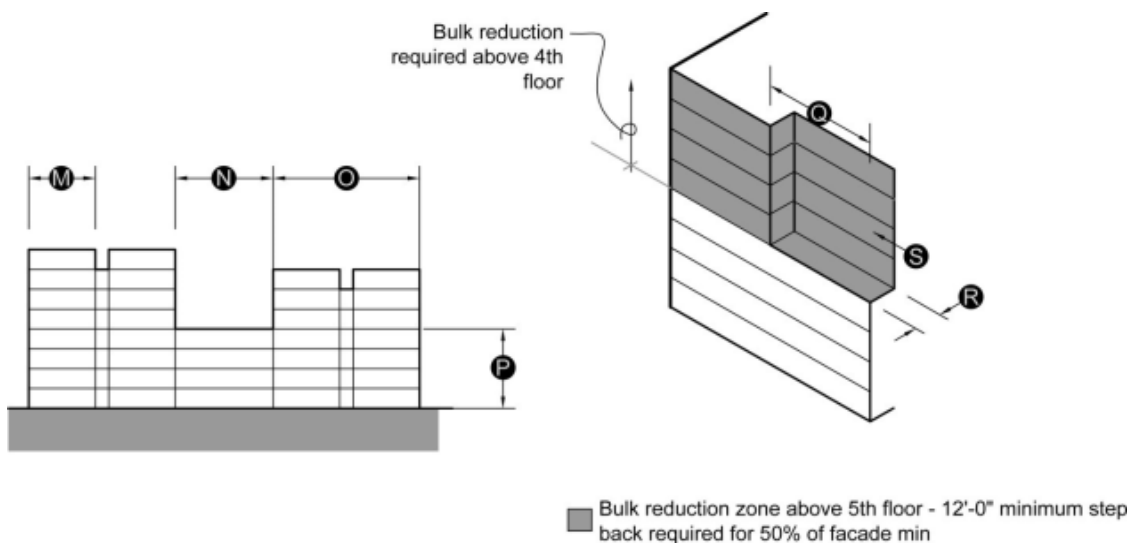
Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

STONE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
LOT COVERAGE STANDARDS		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
OPEN SPACE		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2, 3, 4)	30 Sq. Ft/DU or 20% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2, 3, 4)	Min. of 20% of Lot Area	
PEDESTRIAN ACCESS (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	K
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary Street (Stone Ave.)	L
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking.</p> <p>2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable.</p> <p>3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space.</p> <p>4. Parking may not be counted as open space.</p> <p>5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation.</p> <p>6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot.</p> <p>7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 20% of lot area, whichever is greater.</p>		

5. Building Massing Standards

Building massing standards in the STS are as shown in Figure 5.12-STS-E and Table 5.12- STS-4.

FIGURE 5.12-STS-E



Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

TABLE 5.12-STS-4

STONE AVENUE SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	M
View Corridors		
Mid-Rise Façade (2)	25% of Façade Min.	N
High-Rise Façade (3)	150 Linear Ft. Unbroken Max.	O
Mid-Rise Height	50 Ft. Max or 4 Stories	P
Build Reduction (High Rise)		
Bulk Reduction Setback (4)	12 Ft. Min.	R
Bulk Reduction Required Area	50% of Façade Min.	Q
Bulk Reduction Zone	Required above 4th Floor	S
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. (M) and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. To preserve view corridors, a minimum of 25% of the façade must be set aside as mid-rise (N), and the mid-rise façade may not exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. (P) in height. On corner lots this requirement applies to one street only.</p> <p>3. High-rise façades of more than 150 continuous linear feet (O) must be broken by a mid-rise façade (N) not to exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. (P) in height as shown in Figure above.</p> <p>4. A step-back bulk reduction area a minimum of 12 ft. in depth (R) is required for at least 50% of the façade (Q). Bulk reduction is required above the fourth floor (S). See figures above.</p>		

B. Sixth Street Sub-Area (SSS)

1. Standards

Figure 5.12-SSA-A captures the boundaries of the SSA and the boundaries of the Sixth Street Sub-Area. Sixth Street Sub-Area zoning option standards apply.

2. Building Placement

Building placement and setback requirements in the SSS are as shown in Figure 5.12-SSS-A and Table 5.12-SSS-1.

FIGURE 5.12-SSS-A

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

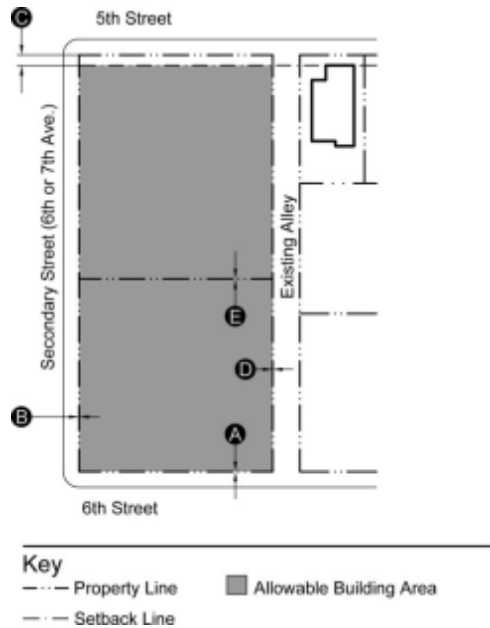


TABLE 5.12-SSS-1

6TH STREET SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING PLACEMENT STANDARDS		
Build to Line (Distance from Property Line)		
6th Street (1, 2)	0 Ft.	A
Setback (Distance from Property Line)		
Secondary Street (6th or 7th Ave.)	0 Ft.	B
5th Street	Consistent with Prevailing	C
Alley Side	0 Ft.	D
Side Yard	0 Ft.	E
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Build-to line is defined as the line at which construction of a building façade is to occur on a lot. A build-to line runs parallel to, and is measured from, street front property lines and is established to create an even building façade line on a street . Build-to line applies to street frontage only (both primary and secondary streets at corner lots) and only applies when new building footprint exceeds 25% of the site area. Where applicable 75% of new building frontage must be located at or near the build-to line. Build-to requirements apply to: 1) 6th Street frontage when building footprint exceeds 25% of lot area.</p> <p>2. Street side façades must be built to Build to Line at a minimum of 75% of the new building frontage, to help define an urban street frontage, where build-to requirements apply.</p>		

3. Building Heights, Floor Uses

Building height and floor use requirements in the SSS are as shown in Figure 5.12-SSS-B, Figure 5.12-SSS-C and Table 5.12-SSS-2. Note: Figure 5.12-SSS-B applies

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

typically throughout the Sixth Avenue Sub-Area except at specific blocks shown on Figure 5.12- SSS-C.

FIGURE 5.12-SSS-B

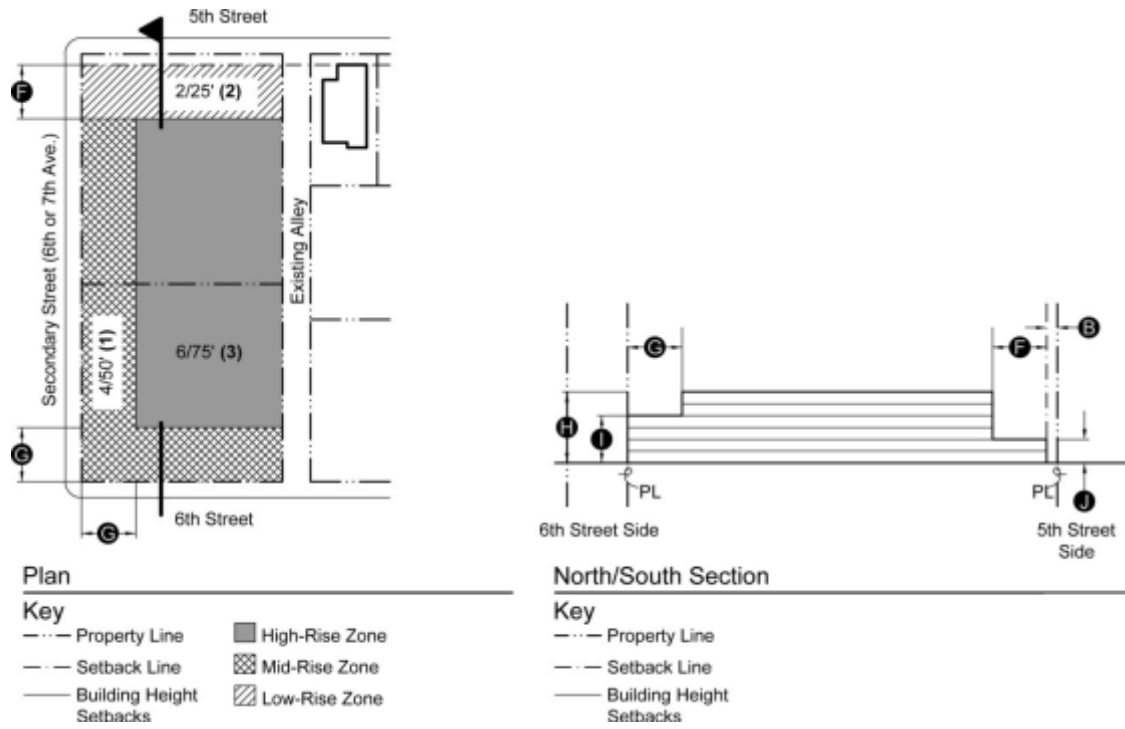


FIGURE 5.12-SSS-C



TABLE 5.12-SSS-2

6TH STREET SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING HEIGHT STANDARDS		
High-Rise Building Height (1)	75 Ft. Max or 6 Stories	H
Mid-Rise Building Height (2)	50 Ft. Max or 4 stories	I, G
Low-Rise Building Height (3)	25 Ft. Max or 2 Stories	J, F
FLOOR USES		
Ground Floor (4, 5, 6, 7)	Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses that encourage street level activity are preferred, but office or residential uses may be used if Commercial Services and Retail Trade Uses are not supported by market demand and contingent on new development meeting all other requirements of this table.	
Upper Floors	Residential or Services	
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. High-rise building height is 75 ft. max., or 6 stories (H) for the remainder of the block . 2. Low-rise building height is 25 Ft. or 2 stories (J) for the first 50 Ft. (F) from the setback (B). and 6th or 7th Ave. (G). 3. Mid-rise building height is 50 Ft. max., or 4 stories (I) for the first 50' (G) from 6th Street 4. All new construction shall have scale-defining architectural elements or details at first two levels. 5. A single plane of façade at the street level may not be longer than 50 Ft. without architectural relief or articulation such as windows, trellises and arcades. 6. Street -level activity is achieved by providing a mix of commercial, retail, office and residential uses at street level. 7. First floor level to be differentiated in form from upper levels. 		

4. Lot Coverage, Open Space, Pedestrian Access

Lot coverage, open space and pedestrian access requirements in the SSS are as shown in Figure 5.12-SSS-D and Table 5.12-SSS-3.

FIGURE 5.12-SSS-D

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

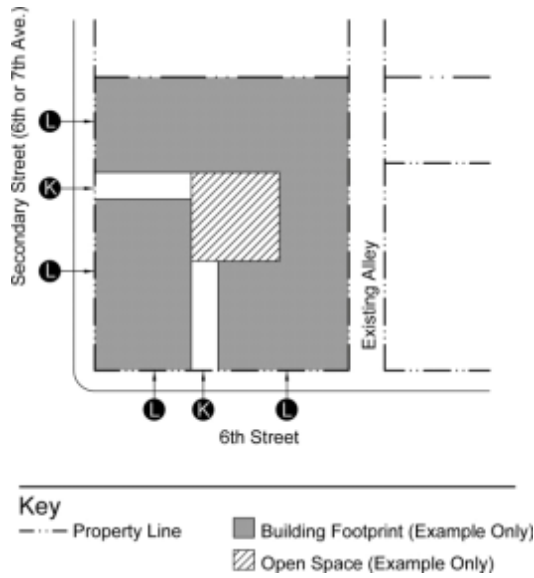


TABLE 5.12-SSS-3

6TH STREET SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
LOT COVERAGE STANDARDS		
Maximum Lot Coverage (1)	100%	
OPEN SPACE		
Open Space at Multi-Unit Dwellings (2, 3, 4)	30 Sq. Ft/DU or 20% of Lot Area(7)	
Open Space Non-Residential (2, 3, 4)	Min. of 20% of Lot Area	
PEDESTRIAN ACCESS (5)		
Pedestrian Access to Open Space	Required	K
Main Entrance Location (6)	Primary Street (Stone Ave.)	L
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
1. Covered by impervious surfaces such as, but not limited to buildings , drives, or parking. 2. Usable open space does not need to be located on the ground - green roof or terrace is acceptable. 3. Usable open space may be any combination of private and common space. 4. Parking may not be counted as open space. 5. Adequate shade shall be provided for sidewalks and pedestrian pathways, using shade structures or vegetation. 6. Main entrance locations shall be directly accessed from a sidewalk along a street rather than from a parking lot. 7. Open space at multi-dwelling units is 30 Sq. Ft. per dwelling unit or 20% of lot area, whichever is greater.		

5. Building Massing Standards

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

Building massing standards in the SSS are as shown in Figure 5.12-SSS-E and Table 5.12-SSS- 4.

FIGURE 5.12-SSS-E

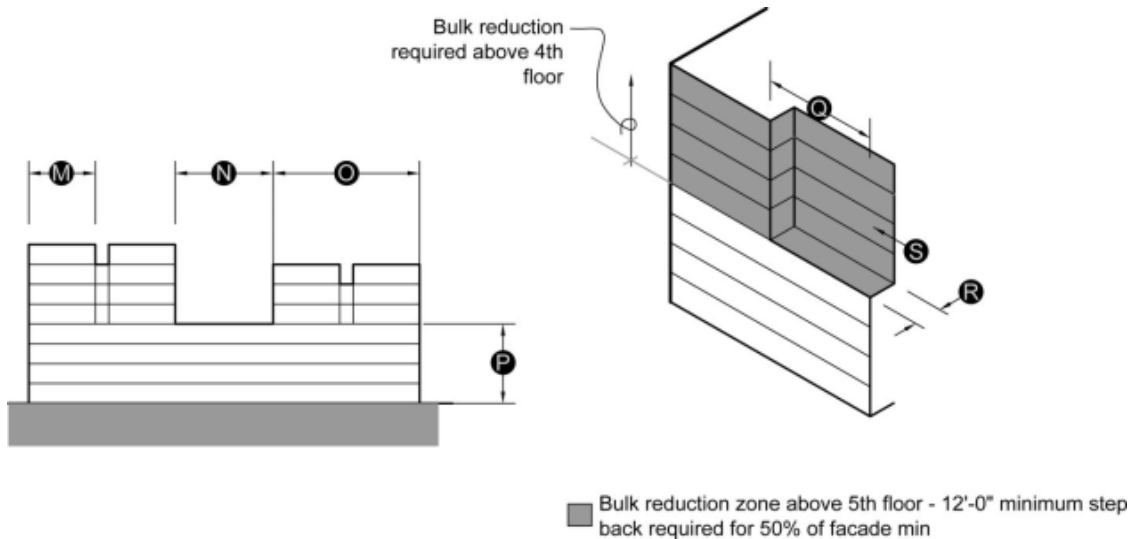


TABLE 5.12-SSS-4

6TH STREET SUB-AREA STANDARDS		
BUILDING MASSING STANDARDS		
Articulation		
Maximum unbroken building mass (1)	50 Ft. Max.	M
View Corridors		
Mid-Rise Façade (2)	25% of Façade Min.	N
High-Rise Façade (3)	150 Linear Ft. Unbroken Max.	O
Mid-Rise Height	50 Ft. Max or 4 Stories	P
Build Reduction (High Rise)		
Bulk Reduction Setback (4)	12 Ft. Min.	R
Bulk Reduction Required Area	50% of Façade Min.	Q
Bulk Reduction Zone	Required above 4th Floor	S
SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS		
<p>1. Any building over 50 Ft. wide must be broken down to read as a series of buildings no wider than 50 Ft. (M) and should include a variety of façades.</p> <p>2. To preserve view corridors, a minimum of 25% of the façade must be set aside as mid-rise (N), and the mid-rise façade may not exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft.(P) in height. On corner lots this requirement applies to one street only.</p> <p>3. High-rise façades of more than 150 continuous linear feet(O) must be broken by a mid-rise façade (N) not to exceed 4 stories or 50 Ft. (P) in height as shown in Figure above.</p> <p>4. A step-back bulk reduction area a minimum of 12 ft. in depth(R) is required for at least 50% of the façade (Q). Bulk reduction is required above the fourth floor(S). See figures above.</p>		

(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

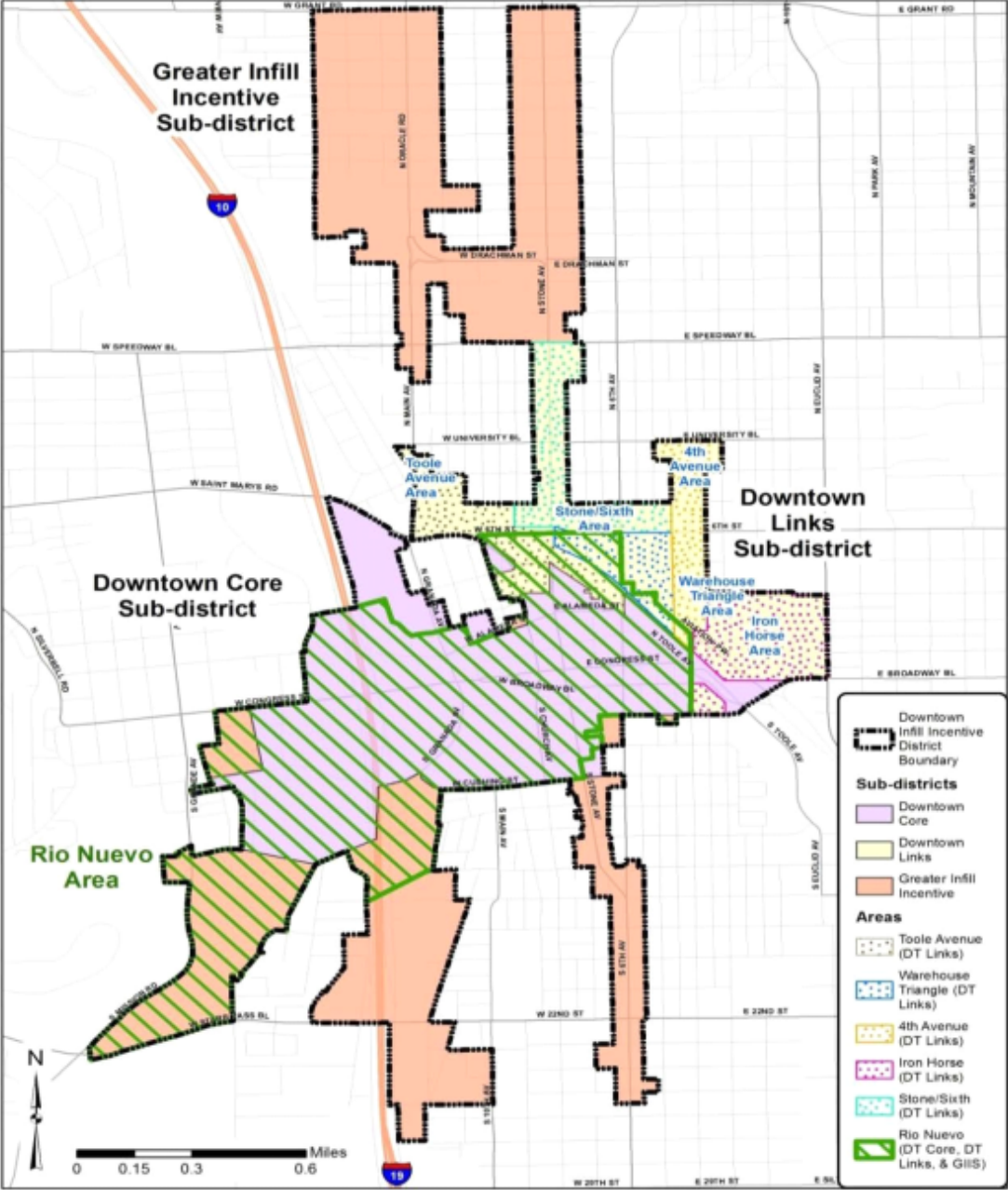
~~5.12.17. IID DISTRICT TERMINATION~~

~~The provisions of Section 5.12, Downtown Area Infill Incentive District, shall end on January 31, 2023, unless Mayor and Council extend the date by a separate ordinance.~~

~~(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015; Am. Ord. 11640, 4/23/2019)~~

5.12.18. ILLUSTRATIVE MAP FIGURE 5.12.18-1: ILLUSTRATIVE MAP OF INFILL INCENTIVE DISTRICT (IID)

FIGURE 5.12.18-1: ILLUSTRATIVE MAP OF INFILL INCENTIVE DISTRICT (IID)



(Ord. 11246, 2/18/2015)

11.4. OTHER TERMS DEFINED

11.4.1. PURPOSE

Attachment C - Proposed Redlines - Infill Incentive District

This section provides definitions for terms that are not land uses and are not contained in Section 11.3 above. Definitions marked (7A) apply only to Article 7A, Sign Standards.

(Am. Ord. 11508, 12/5/2017)

11.4.2. DEFINITIONS - A

Adjudicated Delinquent

A youth who has been found by a judge in juvenile court to have committed a violation of the criminal law, that is, a delinquent act.

Affordable Housing Unit

A dwelling unit committed for a minimum term as affordable, through covenants or restrictions, to households with incomes at 80 percent or less of the area median income ("AMI") for a family, as defined by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, for the City; and where housing costs (rents, mortgages, utilities and condo, homeowners or other association fees) do not exceed thirty (30) percent of a family's income as verified on an annual basis.

AICUZ Report (1992)

A report prepared by the Department of the Air Force that evaluated and summarized the aircraft operations at U.S. Air Force Bases with respect to the effects of noise and accident hazards, entitled Air Installation Compatible Use Zone (AICUZ).
